



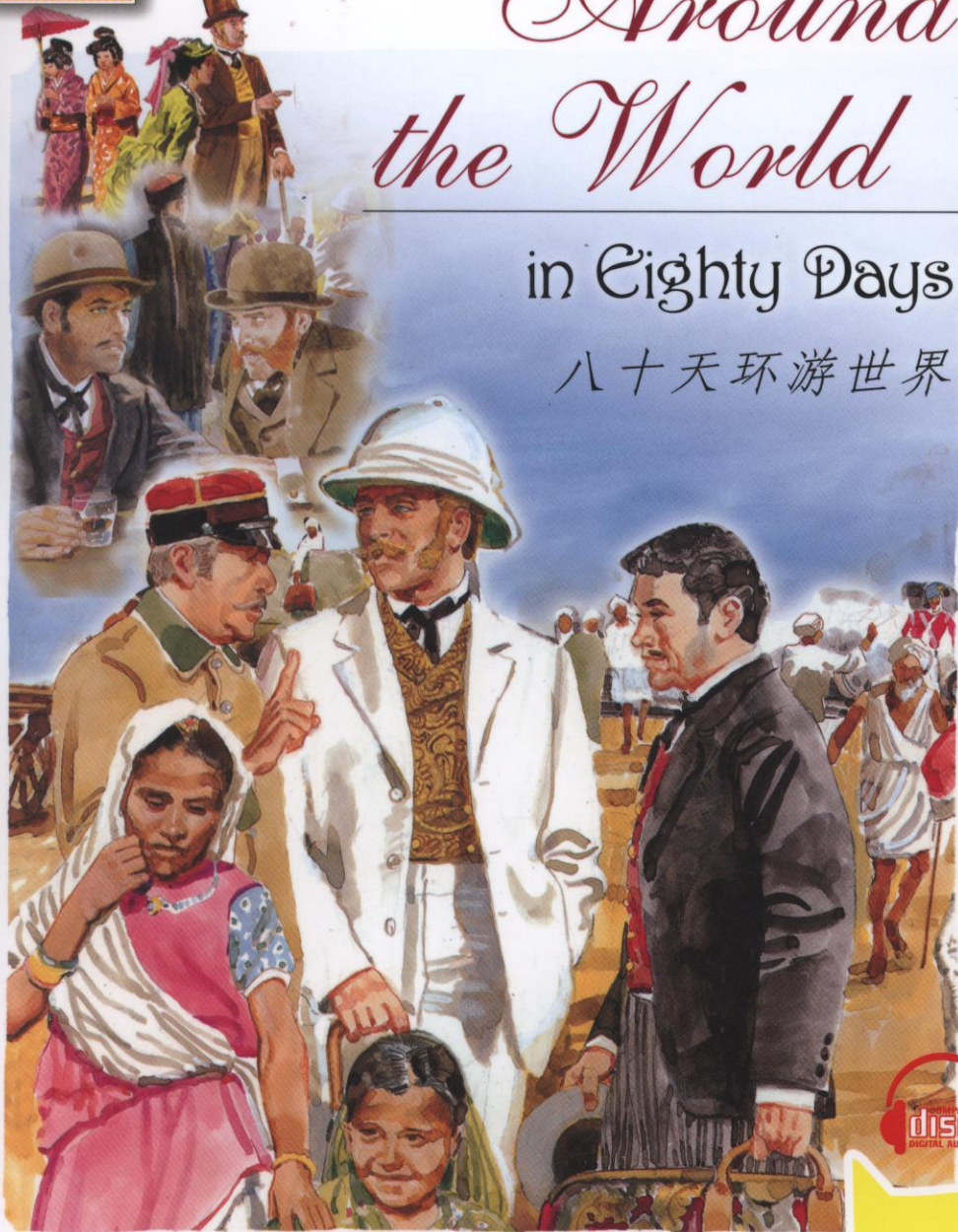
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Around the World

in Eighty Days

八十天环游世界



华东师范大学出版社

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The text is recorded in full. 故事全文录音



These symbols indicate the beginning and end of the extracts
linked to the listening activities. 听力练习开始和结束的标记



About *the author*

Jules Verne was born in 1828 in the town of Nantes, in France.

When he was a boy, he ran away from home and tried to get on a ship to the Caribbean. The men on the ship found him and sent him back home.

In 1847, Jules's father sent him to Paris to study law. He did not like the subject very much and his father was angry when he left law school and started writing plays instead. His plays were not very successful at the beginning, and he had to find another way to earn money because he was in love with Honorine, a widow¹ with two young children. He became a stockbroker² and married Honorine a year later, in 1857. They had a son called Michel. During this time Verne continued writing, and in 1852 he wrote a book about how a man could travel across Africa in a hot-air balloon.³ One publisher suggested that he wrote an adventure story, using the same ideas. He

1. widow : 寡妇。

2. stockbroker : 股票经纪。

3. hot-air balloon :



did this, and in 1863, he wrote *Five Weeks in a Balloon*. People liked this new mixture¹ of fact and fiction, and the book was an immediate success.

With the help of his friend and publisher, Pierre-Jules Hetzel, he wrote many books, sometimes two a year. Some of the most famous of these are: *A Journey to the Centre of the Earth* (1864), *From the Earth to the Moon* (1865) and *Twenty Thousand Leagues² under the Sea* (1869). In these stories his heroes are clever men who are able to find solutions to problems and escape from dangerous situations.

This is also the case in *Around the World in Eighty Days* (1873). This was not only Jules Verne's most popular story but he also saw it performed several times as a play during his own lifetime. Many of Jules Verne's stories became classic films, for example, *Twenty Thousand Leagues Under the Sea* (1954).

Jules Verne was popular in his time because of people's interest in science. Today, people are interested to see how many of his imaginary inventions became reality. For example, in *From the Earth to the Moon*, the story is very similar to the real events of man's first journey to the moon in the *Apollo*.

Jules Verne did travel later on in his life, and in 1884 he did a tour of the Mediterranean. He died in 1905 in Amiens, France. Many people think of him as the 'father' of science fiction.

1 Writing

Write a sentence about Jules Verne for each date on the timeline.

Example: Jules Verne was born in 1828.

1828 1847 1852 1857 1873 1905

1. mixture : 混合 (体) 。

2. Leagues : 长度单位, 相当 3 哩。一般将本书名译为《海底两万里》。



Before you read

1 Means of transport

Find these words in the pictures.

horse driver engine guide bicycle
elephant sail sledge wheels car



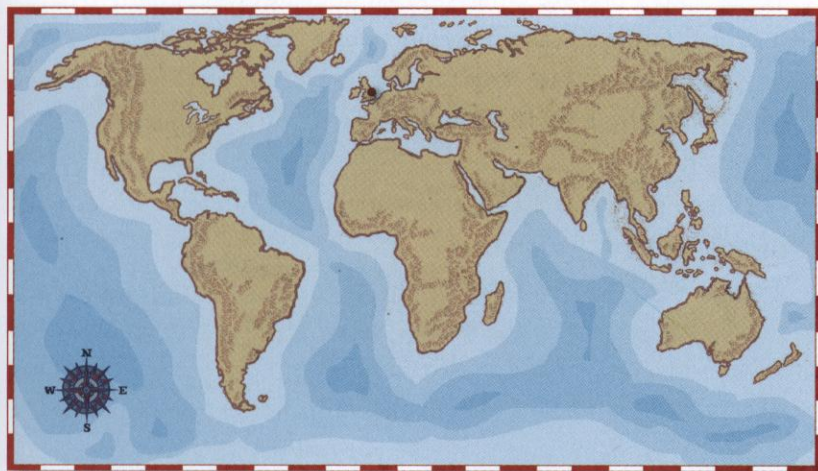
2 Which of these types of transport do you think Phileas Fogg uses to help him complete his journey around the world?


3 Vocabulary

Match the following words (1-5) from Chapter One with their definitions (A-E). You have an example.

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> manservant | A a hole in the wall where you can burn things |
| 2 <input type="checkbox"/> challenge | B an organisation that stops fires burning |
| 3 <input type="checkbox"/> fireplace | C an association that helps people in need |
| 4 <input type="checkbox"/> fire brigade | D a difficult situation that tests someone's ability or determination |
| 5 <input type="checkbox"/> charity | E a man who works for someone in their house |

When Phileas Fogg meets Passepartout



London. 1872 

Let me begin by introducing a mysterious¹ English gentleman called Phileas Fogg.

Most people don't know very much about him, but because he does the same thing every day, some people think they know everything about him.

He is very handsome and he is a true gentleman. He is certainly rich, but no one knows how he made his money.

Has he ever been to another country? He can name a lot of countries on a world map and he knows the most incredible² things about them. He probably travelled at one time, but some

1. **mysterious** : 神秘的。

2. **incredible** : 惊人的，奇妙的。



AROUND the WORLD in Eighty Days

people insist¹ that he has not left London for many years. Maybe he only travels in his head.

He is a very private² man and he does not have many friends. The only time he speaks to other people is at the Reform Club,³ where he goes to read newspapers and play cards. He does not play to win. He plays for the enjoyment of the game. He often wins, but he does not keep the money. He gives it to charity.⁴ He likes to see his games as a challenge; a challenge that does not require any physical effort.

He has lunch at the Reform Club every day, in the same room, at the same table. He goes home at midnight. He lives in his house in Savile Row, a good address in central London. No one ever goes there, except his manservant, who must always be on time and be completely loyal⁵ to Phileas Fogg. In fact, this very morning, his manservant lost his job because the water he brought Phileas Fogg was too hot to shave with. And this is where our story begins.

Phileas Fogg was sitting in his armchair waiting for his new manservant at some time between eleven and half past eleven. At exactly half past eleven Mr Fogg goes to the Reform Club. He looked up at the hands of the large clock by the wall that counted every second with a loud tick.

There was a knock at the door and a young man of about thirty came in.

1. **insist** : 坚持。
2. **private** : 孤僻的。
3. **Reform Club** : 改良俱乐部。成立于 1832 年，自由党人聚会论事的地方。
4. **charity** : 慈善事业。
5. **loyal** : 忠诚的。





AROUND the WORLD in Eighty Days

‘You say that you are French, but your name is John?’ asked Phileas Fogg, looking at him carefully.

‘Jean, sir, not John,’ said the young man. ‘Jean Passepartout. I am an honest man, sir, and I must tell you that I haven’t been a manservant all my life. I was a physical education teacher and a music teacher; then I became a singer. I once rode a horse in a circus¹, and for a time I worked for the fire brigade² in Paris.’

‘I found out that a certain Mr Fogg was looking for a manservant. “He is a very clever, careful man,” they told me. “You won’t find a quieter man in all of England. He does the same thing every day.” And so I came here to ask about the job, in the hope of finally being able to live a quiet life.’

‘Yes, someone at the Reform Club told you this I believe — probably the same person who told me about you. Do you understand what type of person I’m looking for?’

‘Yes, sir. I do, and I think I’m perfect for the job.’

‘Well then, what time is it now?’

‘Eleven twenty-two, Mr Fogg,’ Passepartout replied, taking his pocket-watch³ out of a small side pocket.

‘Exactly four minutes late,’ noted Phileas Fogg, looking at his own watch. ‘So, let’s say you started working for me as from — eleven twenty-six.’

Phileas Fogg stood up from his armchair, picked up his hat, and went out of the door without saying another word. From this brief introduction, Passepartout was able to make note of his

1. **circus** : 马戏团。

2. **fire brigade** : 消防队。

3. **pocket-watch** :



When Phileas Fogg meets Passepartout



employer.¹ He was about forty years old, an elegant² man with an attractive, gentle face. He was tall, with blond hair and a moustache.³ He was the sort of person who remained incredibly calm, even under pressure. He had gentle eyes that fixed you with a firm stare.⁴ He never seemed upset⁵ or worried. He was a typical Englishman. It was always difficult to guess an Englishman's true feelings.

And our Frenchman? Passepartout had an attractive face and he was incredibly strong. He had blue eyes, and untidy, curly⁶ brown hair. He was a sweet person who understood the meaning of true friendship and loyalty.

It was just after half past eleven and Passepartout, who was now alone in his new home, decided to look around. After looking in all the different rooms, he finally came to his own bedroom. Above the fireplace there was an electric clock; it was the same electric clock that Phileas Fogg had in his room. The two clocks ticked at the exact same second. Below the clock there was a piece of paper listing the details of Mr Fogg's day.

'Not bad at all,' thought Passepartout. 'A man who is as regular as clockwork!⁷ This is just what I was looking for.'

1. employer : 雇主。

2. elegant : 优雅的。

3. moustache : 八字须，胡须。

4. firm stare : 凝视，一直看。

5. upset : 苦恼的。

6. curly : 卷曲的。

7. as regular as clockwork : 像钟表发条一样刻板而有规律。

Go back to the text

1 Comprehension check

For each question, mark the letter next to the correct answer — A, B, C or D.

- 1 Phileas Fogg is a member of
 - A ☐ the Gentleman's Club.
 - B ☐ the Travel Club.
 - C ☐ the Reform Club.
 - D ☐ Saville Row.
- 2 In the afternoon Phileas Fogg liked to
 - A ☐ read magazines.
 - B ☐ play cards.
 - C ☐ travel.
 - D ☐ shave his beard.
- 3 At what time did Phileas Fogg leave his house each morning?
 - A ☐ at exactly eleven-thirty
 - B ☐ at eleven o'clock
 - C ☐ just before eleven-fifteen
 - D ☐ at eleven thirty-five
- 4 Which of these things did Passepartout not do in the past?
 - A ☐ ride a horse
 - B ☐ put out a fire
 - C ☐ teach
 - D ☐ be an actor
- 5 Why did Passepartout think that Phileas Fogg was a typical English man?
 - A ☐ It was difficult to say what he was feeling.
 - B ☐ He was from a rich family.
 - C ☐ He had blue eyes and blond hair.
 - D ☐ He played cards every day.

6 Passepartout wants to work for Phileas Fogg because

- A ☐ he has a similar character.
 B ☐ he wants to work as a manservant.
 C ☐ Phileas Fogg is a good employer.
 D ☐ he wants a quiet life.

2 Characters

Unscramble these adjectives (形容词) from Chapter One and say who they describe. Then add some of your own to describe the two characters.

ysturoemsi egtenl onedamsh eosnht macl yaoll

3 Vocabulary

Look at the pictures. Use them to help you complete these sentences with the missing words.



- 1 He could name every country on a
- 2 He often at the Reform Club.
- 3 You won't find a quieter man in all of
- 4 The water his manservant gave him with was too hot.
- 5 The clock above the was the same as the one in Phileas Fogg's room.
- 6 Phileas Fogg sat in and waited for his new manservant to arrive.



4 Listening

Listen to the recording. Draw the hands on the clocks below, so that they show the times you hear in the conversations.



5 Listening

You will hear the receptionist at a gentleman's club giving a new member some information about the club. Listen and complete the missing information.

Meals

These are served in the (0) dining-room.

Lunch is from (1) to
2 p.m.

Dinner is from 6 p.m. to
(2)

Afternoon (3) from
4 p.m. – 5 p.m. in the lounge room.

Lounge Room and (4)
Open all day for members until midnight.

Library

Books can be borrowed for
(5)

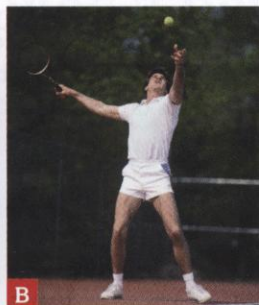
Gym and Swimming Pool
(6) for members
Up to (7) for an extra
cost of (8)

6 What can you play?

Look at the pictures. What are the people doing? What can you play?



A



B



C

7 Speaking: Hobbies/sports

Phileas Fogg played cards with his companions at the Reform Club. He also had an interest in travel. We can say that these are his 'hobbies', the things he does for enjoyment, not for work. What things do you like to do?

- 1 What hobbies do you have?
- 2 Where can you do sports in your town?
- 3 Would you like to learn a new sport or hobby?

8 Writing

Phileas Fogg does the exact same thing every day. Make a list of six things you do every day and the time you do them. Be careful to use the right verb (动词) !

Example: *I get up at seven o'clock. I have breakfast at a quarter past seven.*

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Before you read

1 Vocabulary

In Chapter Two you will read some words connected to the story of a crime. Match part A with part B to find the closest meaning of the words in part A. Look at the example.

A

a robbery

a thief

a cashier

a detective

the evidence

a bet

Scotland Yard

a receipt

a reward

B

tries to find criminals and understand how a crime happened

is the information you have about a crime

is when you risk your money on the result of a game or competition

is the crime of stealing money from a bank, shop or vehicle

is an amount of money given as a price for doing something

is the main office for investigating crime in London

is a piece of paper that proves you have received money

steals money or other objects from another person

pays and takes money at a bank, or takes money for something you buy

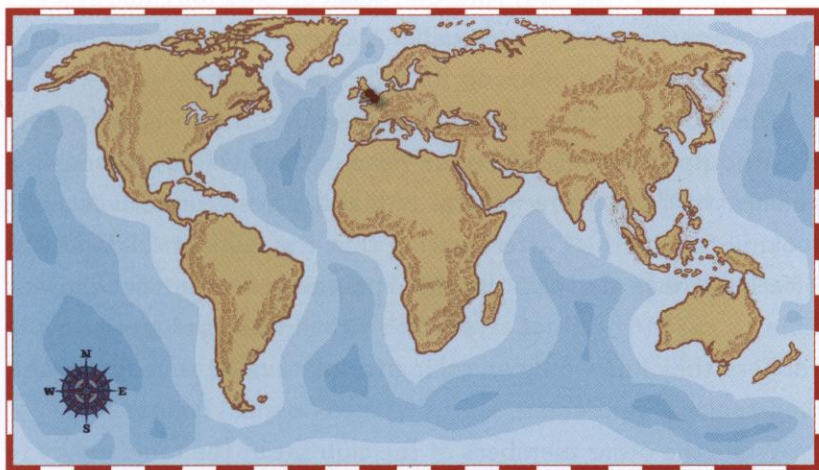


2 Find the meaning of these verbs (动词) in the dictionary: arrest, steal, investigate.

Make one sentence using each verb and a noun (名词) from exercise 1.

Example: *Scotland Yard were investigating the robbery.*

When Phileas Fogg makes a bet



2 October

Every day, Phileas Fogg left his house at half past eleven. He put his right foot in front of his left foot 575 times — he knew the exact length of every step — and he put his left foot in front of his right foot 576 times before arriving at the steps of the Reform Club.

He usually waited a little before having lunch at thirteen minutes to one. Then he went to the lounge room where he spent the afternoon reading the newspapers. At five o'clock he had afternoon tea and at twenty to six it was time to go to the Games



AROUND the WORLD in Eighty Days

Room to play cards with other wealthy and respected¹ members of the club, like Sir Ralph Gautier and Andrew Stuart.

On this particular day Andrew Stuart started to read a story to them from the evening newspaper about a robbery at the Bank of England.²

The robbery took place on 29 September. The thief stole fifty-five thousand pounds while the head cashier was busy writing a receipt for just a few pence. England's best detectives were looking for the thief after hearing that the Bank of England was offering a reward of two thousand pounds to the person who was able to catch the thief. From the first investigations into the robbery they knew only one thing for certain: he was an elegant, well-spoken³ gentleman.

While the other members of the club sat at the table, ready to play their game of cards, Andrew Stuart continued to talk about the robbery.

'Where do you think the thief is hiding? He could be anywhere. The world is so big!'

'It isn't so big any more,' replied Phileas Fogg.

'What do you mean?' said Andrew Stuart with a laugh. 'The earth doesn't get any smaller!'

'Ah! But the earth is smaller,' said Sir Ralph Gautier. 'If you think that we can now go around it ten times quicker than we could one hundred years ago. Did you know that today a man can travel around the world in only three months?'

1. **wealthy and respected** : 位高而受人敬重的，尊贵的。

2. **Bank of England** : 英国国家银行。

3. **well-spoken** : 谈吐文雅的。

When Phileas Fogg makes a bet



'Eighty days to be exact,' Phileas Fogg corrected¹ him.

'Eighty days?' asked a surprised man at the table.

'Well, maybe that's true, but only if you don't consider bad weather, storms, shipwrecks,² and other things,' said another.

'In eighty days, considering all possible events,' continued Phileas Fogg.

'Ah! You think so, do you, Mr Fogg?' laughed Sir Ralph, 'Well, I'll bet four thousand pounds that a journey like that is impossible in such a short time.'

'I repeat that it is possible to do the journey in that time,' said Phileas Fogg, his eyes fixed on Sir Ralph's smile.

'Well, if you are so certain, then do it yourself!'

'I will,' replied Phileas Fogg.

'When?'

'Immediately. And I'll bet not four, but twenty thousand pounds that I can go around the world in eighty days; I will return here in 1,920 hours, or, if you prefer, 115,200 minutes. Do you agree to the bet?'

They all looked at one another. They could not decide if he was serious. 'We agree,' they said.

'Good. I'll take the train for Dover at a quarter to nine this evening. The bet starts as from...' Phileas Fogg took a small notebook and pencil from his pocket and made a note:

2 October, 8.45 p.m.

1. **corrected** : 纠正。

2. **shipwrecks** : 海难。



AROUND the WORLD in Eighty Days

'And I will return here to the Reform Club at eight forty-five on Saturday 21 December. If I am not here by that time, this cheque ¹ for twenty thousand pounds is yours, gentlemen.'

And with these words he left the cheque for twenty thousand pounds on the table, picked up his hat and went out of the door.

At ten to eight his manservant was surprised to see his new employer come through the door. 'Passepartout, we're leaving in

1. cheque : 支票。



When Phileas Fogg makes a bet



ten minutes. We're taking a train to Dover,' he said. 'From there, a boat leaves for Calais at eleven o'clock tonight. We're going to go around the world — in eighty days. We haven't another second to lose.'

His employer did not seem to be in a hurry. The opposite in fact. He spoke a little quicker, but he behaved in the same calm way.





AROUND the WORLD in Eighty Days

‘Around the world?’ said Passepartout to himself. ‘Well really!’ he thought, shaking his head.¹ Just when he finally thought he had the perfect job. He wanted to work for Phileas Fogg because he was a gentleman who lived a quiet life, who always did the same things. And now? How could this be a quiet life?

‘Pack a small bag with just my night things in it, please, and pack one for yourself. We can buy everything else when we need it,’ added Phileas Fogg, and with these orders he left the room.

Passepartout continued to feel a little confused but he followed his master’s orders. He quickly packed their bags and at eight o’clock they were ready to leave the house. Phileas Fogg opened Passepartout’s bag and put twenty thousand pounds into it. He closed it tightly. Twenty minutes later they were at the station.

‘It must be the money for the journey,’ thought Passepartout as he sat on the train thinking nervously about the money in his bag. He did not want to lose the bag.

After being in the newspapers Phileas Fogg’s journey wasn’t a secret. Soon everybody in London was talking about Phileas Fogg’s departure² and his plan to go around the world in eighty days. Some people thought he was mad, others said he was a genius. But a few days later, the front pages had another story. A certain Inspector Fix, a detective for Scotland Yard, said he knew the identity³ of the thief. All the evidence pointed in one direction: to a well-known and respectable⁴ member of the Reform Club — Mr Phileas Fogg.

1. **shaking his head** : 左右摇晃他的脑袋。

2. **departure** : 出发。

3. **identity** : 身份。

4. **respectable** : 值得尊敬的。



Go back to the text

1 Comprehension check

Read these sentences about Chapter Two. Decide if each sentence is correct or incorrect. If it is correct, mark A. If it is not correct, mark B.

	A	B
1 Phileas Fogg always walked to the Reform Club.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2 Andrew Stuart told them that the robbery took place at the Reform Club.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3 Sir Ralph Gautier said that it was possible to go around the world in three months.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4 Phileas Fogg bet £20,000 he could go around the world in eighty days.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5 The other members did not accept Phileas Fogg's bet.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6 Passepartout was excited about their new adventure.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
7 Phileas Fogg puts a lot of money in Passepartout's bag.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
8 Sir Ralph thinks that Phileas Fogg is the thief.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

2 Comprehension check

What do these numbers in Chapter Two refer to?

Example: 80 — *Phileas Fogg says he can go around the world in 80 days.*

- 1 575
- 2 10
- 3 4,000
- 4 1,920
- 5 115,200
- 6 20,000

3 Vocabulary

Find the meaning of these words in a dictionary.

The London Times

busy membership ports abroad receipt
identity reward reason

4 Complete the newspaper article with the words from exercise 3.

Scotland Yard identifies thief

Detectives at Scotland Yard say they now know the (1) of the man responsible for the robbery on 29 December at the Bank of England. The man stole over £55,000 in cash while the bank's cashier was (2) writing a (3)

'Our man is almost definitely a well-respected gentleman,' said Inspector Hound of Scotland Yard. 'And a member of a Reform Club, here in London. The cashier found a (4) card on the floor after he left the bank. We have (5) to believe this man is the famous gentleman who says he is going to travel the world in eighty days – Mr Phileas Fogg.'

England's best detectives are travelling to the country's (6) (Bristol, Liverpool, Glasgow) and other big ports (7), in the hope of catching the thief.

Scotland Yard are offering a (8) of two thousand pounds.

'We're taking a train to Dover... The boat leaves for Calais at eleven o'clock...'

We use the **Present Simple** (一般现在时) when reading timetables and times that don't change.

Example: *The train for Brighton leaves at five fifteen.* (It always leaves at this time every day).

We use the **Present Continuous** (现在进行时) to talk about the future when we have fixed plans or arrangements.

Example: *I'm going to the doctors at nine o'clock tomorrow morning.* (I must go. I have an appointment).

5 Present Simple (一般现在时)

Complete the timetables below. Ask and answer questions about the times the trains/ferries leave and arrive.

Example: *What time is the first train to Dover? When does it arrive?*

The first train leaves at 6.15 a.m.. It arrives at 7.45 a.m..

TRAINS

1hr 50 min

(*Express train 1 hr 30 min)

LONDON DOVER

1	6.15 a.m.*	7.45 a.m.
2	10.35 a.m.
3	11.10 a.m.
4	12.00 p.m.*

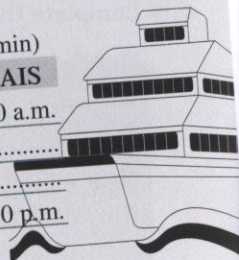
FERRIES

1hr 40 min

(*Superferry 1 hr 10 min)

DOVER CALAIS

1	8.30 a.m.*	9.40 a.m.
2
3	12.45 p.m.*
4	3.30 p.m.	5.10 p.m.



6 Present Continuous (现在进行时)

Write a diary with the day and times of your fixed plans or appointments for the next two weeks. Then tell someone else about the events in your diary using the Present Continuous (现在进行时).

Example: *At ten o'clock on Thursday I'm meeting my best friend, Jane.*

Monday

Tuesday

Wednesday

Thursday

Friday

Saturday

Sunday

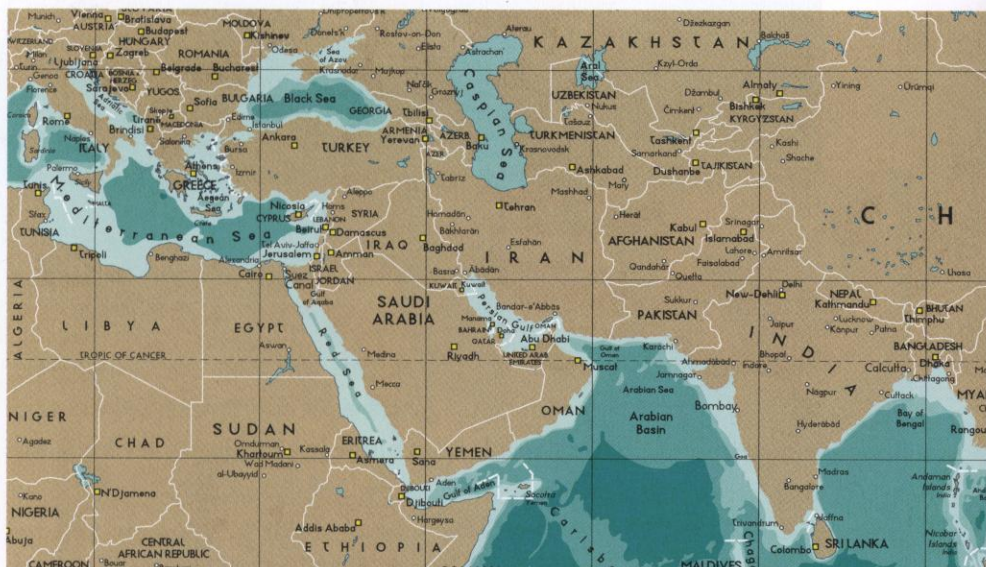
note

Before you read

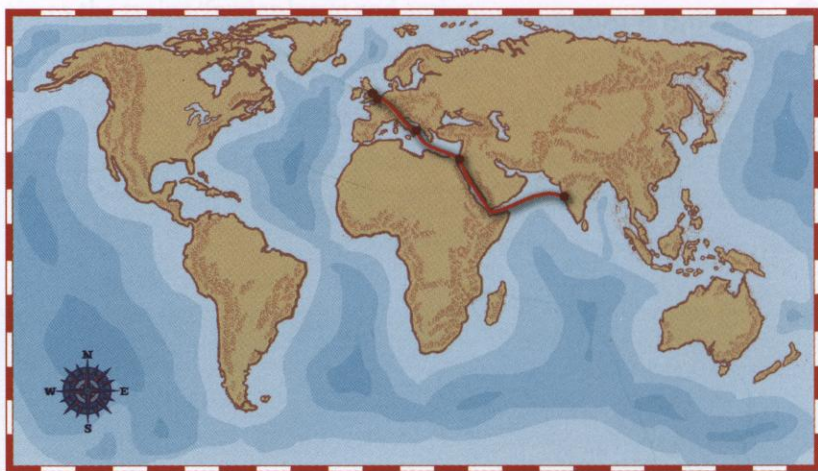
1 Reading a map


Read the sentences, find the places on the map and circle them.

- 1 Mumbai (Bombay) is a large city in the south-west of India.
- 2 Brindisi is a port town in the south-east of Italy.
- 3 Calcutta (Kolkata) is a busy town in the east of India.
- 4 The Suez is a man-made canal in Egypt.



When gentlemen are thieves



9 October 

Inspector Fix was one of the detectives investigating the robbery at the Bank of England. In his years as a detective he knew only one thing for certain: all the biggest criminals looked like respectable gentlemen. The money, the quick departure. It all made sense. Phileas Fogg was a respectable gentleman, and he, Inspector Fix, wanted to get the reward for catching him.

He soon discovered that Phileas Fogg was on the *Mongolia*, a ship that sailed from Brindisi, in Italy, to Bombay, in India.

Our detective decided to look carefully at all the people getting on and off the *Mongolia*. On Wednesday, 9 October, Inspector Fix saw Phileas Fogg and his manservant as they arrived in the Suez Canal.¹

1. Suez Canal : 苏伊士运河。建于埃及苏伊士，经非洲连通欧亚。

When gentlemen are thieves



'So, there's our thief!' he whispered.¹ 'All I need to do now is to tell Scotland Yard and wait for a warrant for his arrest,² and then the reward is mine.'

Fix decided to speak to Fogg's manservant.

'Egypt is a beautiful country,' began the Inspector.

'Yes, that's true, but we are travelling so quickly,' replied Passepartout.

1. **whispered** : 低语。

2. **a warrant for his arrest** : 拘捕令。





AROUND the WORLD in Eighty Days

‘Why are you travelling so quickly? Surely you can’t see Egypt in only a few days.’

‘My master wants to travel around the world in eighty days...’ he said, looking at the detective’s confused face. ‘I know, it’s complete madness.’

‘Well, your master is... an unusual man, but I imagine he must be very rich to try to do a journey like that in such a short time.’

‘To tell you the truth, he has the money he needs. But... I really must leave. We have a boat to catch. Good day, Mr...?’

‘Fix, my name is Ins..., Mr Fix. And I believe that we are possibly going the same way. Are you also going to Bombay?’

‘Yes, we are. Sorry, not to introduce myself. My name’s Jean Passepartout. I’m sure we’ll see each other again.’ Passepartout touched his hat and waved goodbye.

His conversation with Passepartout made Inspector Fix feel even more certain that Phileas Fogg was the thief. ‘I must stop him,’ he thought. But how? Without the warrant for his arrest it was impossible, and he could escape again. He was worried.

Phileas Fogg, on the other hand, was carefully planning his journey. He kept detailed notes of the date, the length of each part of the journey, the time and the places they stopped in.

On 10 October, the ship left Suez for the next stop — Bombay. The sea was rough,¹ but Phileas Fogg was not worried and soon found people on the ship to play cards with. On 20 October they arrived in Bombay. Phileas Fogg and his manservant left the ship and went to the station to catch the train to Calcutta. On their way there Passepartout began to think about his master’s bet.

1. The sea was rough : 波涛汹涌。

When gentlemen are thieves



He felt worried. Yes, it was true, they were two days early, but anything could still happen.

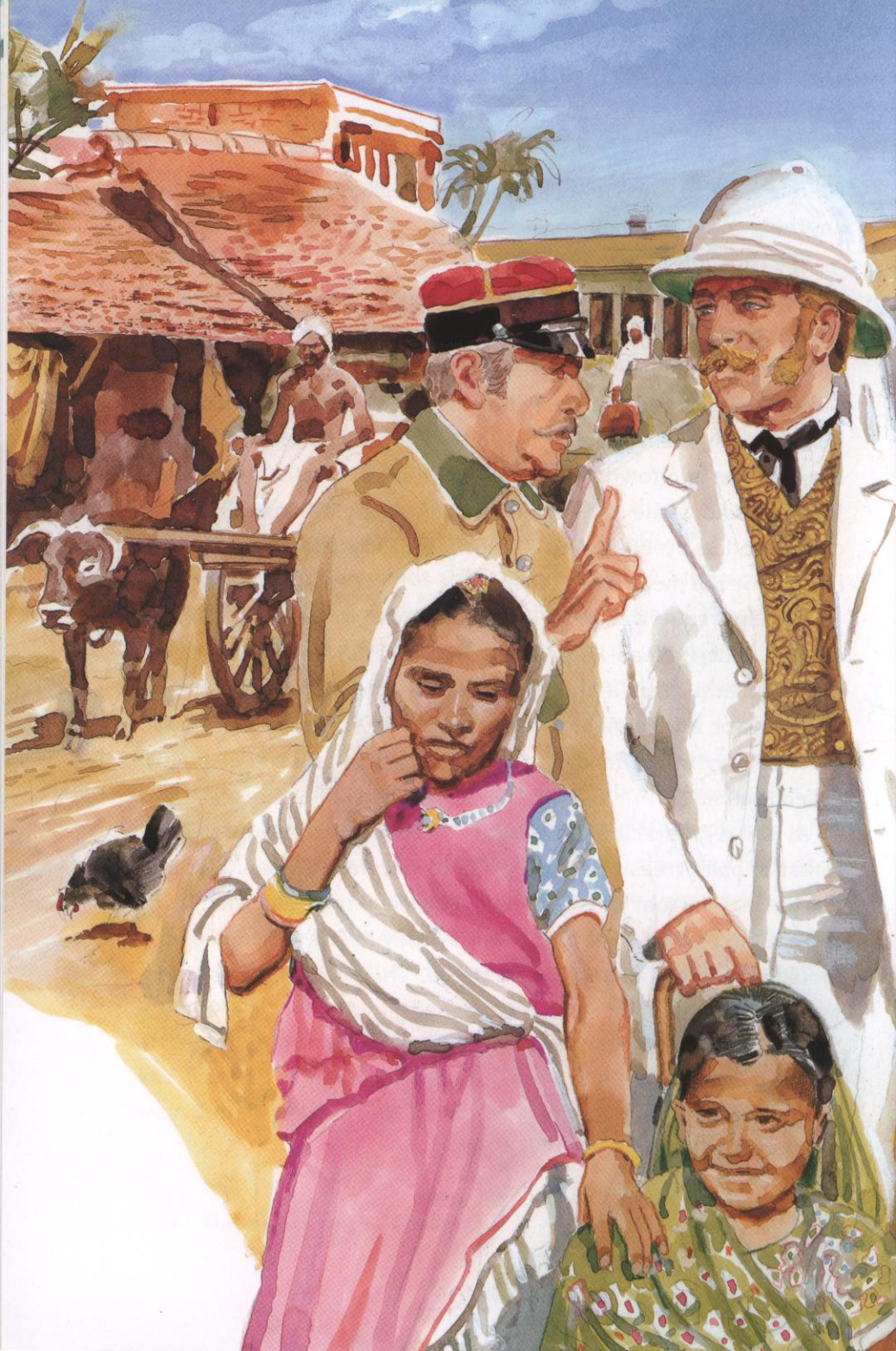
The train left Bombay on time.

Three days later the train stopped at a small village. Passepartout heard the train driver shout, 'Everyone must get off. The railway line ends here!' The railway line from Bombay to Calcutta was not yet finished. The passengers had to travel to the next station, Allahabad, on their own. People who often travelled between the two towns were quick to find a way to continue their journey. Among the different types of transport there were little carts¹ pulled by cows and ponies², and rickshaws³ pulled by bicycles or the men from the village.

Passepartout was worried about how to get to the next station, but Phileas Fogg immediately found a man with an elephant and after a short discussion, the man sold him the elephant for a very high price, and the two travellers were soon on their way to the next station with a guide and the elephant, called Kiouni.

At about nine o'clock that night our adventurers came to a big forest of palm trees where they had to stop to let Kiouni rest and eat the leaves from the trees. For a few days they slept in huts in the middle of the jungle⁴. Sometimes they heard the cries of the monkeys and the sound of the tigers. Their journey was going well until the elephant suddenly stopped.

1. **carts** : 运货或载人的木车 (图见 41 页) 。
2. **ponies** : 矮马 。
3. **rickshaws** : 小双轮车, 人力车 (图见 41 页) 。
4. **jungle** : 丛林 。





Go back to the text

1 Comprehension check

Write the questions about Chapter Three in the past tense (过去式) and answer them.

1 What/Inspector Fix/need/before/he/can/arrest/Phileas Fogg?
.....

2 What/Inspector Fix/do/when/he/arrive/in Egypt?
.....

3 How/Phileas Fogg/spend/his time on the ship?
.....

4 Why/they/get off/the train?
.....

5 What/Phileas Fogg/buy/from the man?
.....

2 A letter from Passepartout

Read this letter from Passepartout to his cousin in Paris about their journey so far. Choose a word for each space. Write one word for each number, as in the example.

Dear Claude

I know you are going to be very surprised when (0)~~you~~..... receive this letter from India. Please don't worry. You know me well. I told you I wanted a quiet (1), but there's always a new adventure! As I told you in (2) last letter, I started work as the manservant of an English gentleman (3) Phileas Fogg. I am now travelling with him. He plans to (4) around the world in eighty days. I can't begin to tell you how different it all is. We travelled (5) a ship to Brindisi in Italy, and then to the Suez in Egypt, where the people (6) all sorts of things on their colourful market stalls.

Now we (7) in India. We wanted to go to Calcutta on the new railway, but we had to get off the (8) because the line wasn't finished! Now we are travelling on the back of an elephant. We spent the night in a hut in the jungle and last night I heard a leopard and they say (9) are tigers too!

Jean

'9 October 1872'

Look at the way we say and read dates:

21 December: *on the twenty-first of December* (when we say a date, we say *on the* = *date* + *of* + *the month*). We use ordinal numbers (序数词) (e.g., *first, second, third*), **NOT** cardinal numbers (基数词) (e.g., *one, two, three*).

1872: *eighteen seventy-two* (we read years as two separate numbers).

3 Dates and years

Answer the questions. Write the figures in words.

- 1 When were you born?
- 2 When is your friend's birthday?
- 3 Name an important religious or national holiday in your country.
From (date) to (date).
- 4 Give the year of an important event in your life.

Your trip around the world

- 4** Imagine you are going to go on a journey around the world. Look at these notes of things to do. Number them in order of importance. Add some more things to the list.

- ☐ have vaccinations
- ☐ check expiry date on passport
- ☐ buy travel guides and plan route
- ☐ buy multi-stop plane ticket
- ☐ buy train tickets for Thailand
- ☐ change money at bank
- ☐ book hotel rooms
- ☐ get visas





5

Listening

You will hear someone asking about an around the world ticket. Listen to the information and complete the notes (1- 8).

BACKPACKERS' TRAVEL**Travel dates**

Leave (1) and return in September (2)

Places covered on the ticket

India, (3), Malaysia, Indonesia, (4) and New Zealand.

Cost of ticket (5) £

Overland travel from Argentina to Colombia

Independent travel by (6)

Extras?

(7) visas.

Australia if you (8)

**INTERNET PROJECT**

Today many people buy their tickets and plan their journeys on the Internet. Find out more about the places you want to visit and make notes.

Connect to the Internet and go to www.blackcat-cideb.com or www.cideb.it. Insert the title or part of the title of the book into our search engine. Open the page for *Around the World in Eighty Days*. Click on the internet project link. Go down the page until you find the title of this book and click on the relevant link for this project.

Talk about the best places to visit and how to travel there.

For example:

- ▶ The price of tickets to get there.
- ▶ Do you need a visa?
- ▶ What can you visit when you get there?
- ▶ When is the best time to go there?

6 Vocabulary

Find the words for these pictures in the text.



1



2



3



4

.....
.....
.....

.....
.....



5

Before you read

1 Vocabulary

Make sure you understand these words. You can use a dictionary to help you. Find the words in the pictures.

bonfire pagoda flames storm dawn clouds



1

2

3

4

2 Complete the puzzle with some of the words above and some of the words from exercise 6 on this page to spell their next destination.

1 U

2 M

3 K

4 P

5 H


6 D

7 F

8 T

When our adventurers rescue¹ a woman from certain death



26 October 

They stopped near a village, where they heard the sound of strange musical instruments.² Their guide went to discover what was happening and he was soon back with the news. The people of the village, their guide said, were celebrating a local tradition called *suttee*. Our travellers immediately wanted to know more about it. The guide told them that when a woman's husband dies, his wife must die with him and they burn her alive in a big fire.

1. **rescue** : 援救。

2. **musical instruments** : 乐器。

When our adventurers rescue a woman from certain death



‘The name of the woman is Mrs Aouda,’ he told them, ‘and she’s very beautiful. Everyone knows her. She is from a rich family. Her father was a businessman in a town near Bombay. Her parents sent her to a European school in Bombay. She learnt European languages there, and she has European ways. Her parents died and she had to marry an old prince. She became a widow after only three months. They are taking her to the pagoda tonight. They are going to burn her alive tomorrow, at sunrise.’

‘My goodness! How terrible! Do such traditions still exist?’ asked Phileas Fogg. He seemed surprised, but his voice sounded curious¹. ‘Poor woman!’ whispered Passepartout.

‘We can still save her,’ said Phileas Fogg. ‘We are a few hours ahead of time.’

‘Yes, but sir, if we save this woman, they’ll try and kill us!’ said their guide.

‘I can only speak for myself, but I am prepared to take that risk,’ replied Phileas Fogg.

‘Me, too!’ said Passepartout. When they arrived they started to plan the rescue. Unfortunately there were guards all around the pagoda and so they decided that it was too dangerous to do anything. They were about to leave, when Passepartout said that maybe he had an idea. When the sun came up the next day, the crowd² arrived to see the bonfire ready for the sacrifice.³ Our travellers disappeared among the people. They saw the dead prince and his young wife through the smoke. Phileas Fogg

1. **curious** : 好奇的。

2. **crowd** : 人群。

3. **sacrifice** : (献给神的) 牺牲。



AROUND the WORLD in Eighty Days

prepared himself to run towards the fire in a final effort to save Mrs Aouda, when suddenly a terrified cry came from the crowd. Her husband was not dead! He stood up in the flames, took his wife in his hands and ran in the opposite direction to the crowd. It was not difficult to imagine Phileas Fogg's surprise when he later discovered that the woman's 'husband' was Passepartout. A few moments later our heroes disappeared into the forest with their new travelling companion, followed by the angry guards.

Mrs Aouda slowly started to wake up when they reached the station at Allahabad. Phileas Fogg thanked his guide for his loyalty and gave him the elephant. For a young guide an elephant like Kiouni was a big present. He could make a lot more money now that he had his own elephant. He was very happy and continued to thank Mr Fogg and the others until they left.

On the train to Calcutta, Phileas Fogg and Passepartout told Mrs Aouda all about their adventure. Mrs Aouda couldn't believe it: these men risked their lives — for her!

At seven o'clock they arrived in Calcutta. The ship for Hong Kong did not leave until twelve o'clock midday. Fortunately they were still on time.

Inspector Fix was also on his way to Hong Kong. How did he know they were there? How did he get there? That remains a mystery, but one thing was sure: Inspector Fix was determined¹ to arrest Phileas Fogg and he had a plan. He just had to wait a little longer.

After the ship stopped for a short time in Singapore, it continued on its way to Hong Kong where, on the morning of 6

1. **determined** : 下定决心的。





AROUND the WORLD in Eighty Days

November, a boat going to Yokohama, in Japan, was waiting for them. Unfortunately they arrived a day later than planned, because of a bad storm. 'Oh no!' thought Passepartout. 'The boat will leave without us, and my master won't win his bet!'

When they were at the port,¹ Phileas Fogg and Passepartout walked towards the captain of a small boat.

'When does the next boat to Yokohama leave?' Fogg asked.

'Tomorrow morning,' he replied.

'Didn't it leave this morning?'

'No, they had to repair it, so it's not leaving until tomorrow.'

Passepartout was very happy to hear this good news and shook the captain's hand.² The captain was a little surprised. Phileas Fogg simply wrote how late they were in his diary.

6 November – minus 24 hours

1. port : 港口。

2. shook the captain's hand : 握手致意。

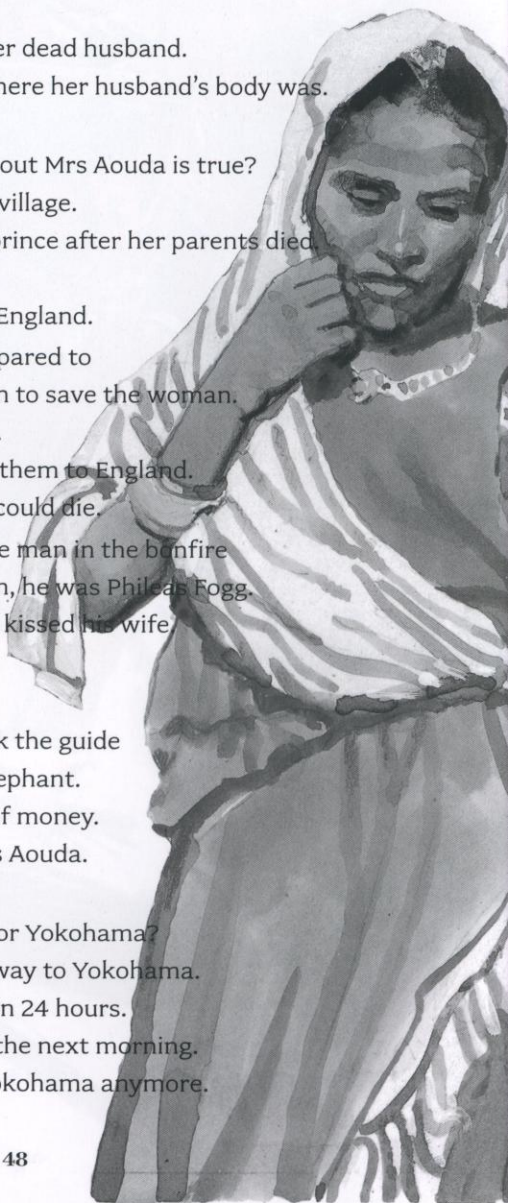


Go back to the text

1 Comprehension check

For each question mark the letter next to the correct answer — A, B, C or D.

- 1 In the tradition, called *suttee*, the man's wife had to
 - A ☐ sacrifice her life.
 - B ☐ light the bonfire of her dead husband.
 - C ☐ stay in the pagoda where her husband's body was.
 - D ☐ jump in the fire.
- 2 Which of these sentences about Mrs Aouda is true?
 - A ☐ She was from a local village.
 - B ☐ She married the old prince after her parents died.
 - C ☐ She was a princess.
 - D ☐ She was educated in England.
- 3 Phileas Fogg said he was prepared to
 - A ☐ leave on another train to save the woman.
 - B ☐ kill one of the guards.
 - C ☐ take Mrs Aouda with them to England.
 - D ☐ take the risk that he could die.
- 4 When they lit the bonfire, the man in the bonfire
 - A ☐ was not the dead man, he was Phileas Fogg.
 - B ☐ came back to life and kissed his wife.
 - C ☐ ran into the crowd.
 - D ☐ was Passepartout.
- 5 Phileas Fogg wanted to thank the guide
 - A ☐ so he gave him the elephant.
 - B ☐ so he gave him a lot of money.
 - C ☐ because he saved Mrs Aouda.
 - D ☐ for his bravery.
- 6 When was the boat leaving for Yokohama?
 - A ☐ It was already on its way to Yokohama.
 - B ☐ It was going to leave in 24 hours.
 - C ☐ It was going to leave the next morning.
 - D ☐ It was not going to Yokohama anymore.



2 Past Simple (一般过去时)

All the verbs (动词) from the box have irregular past tenses (不规则过去式). Write them in the correct past tense (过去式).

hear	leave	take
give	run	stand
tell	write	send

Complete these sentences about Chapter Three with the verbs above, in the past tense. You can use a verb more than once. When you finish, put the sentences in the order you read about them in the story.

- A ☐ They her to the pagoda to burn her alive with the body of her husband.
- B ☐ Much to their surprise Passepartout up in the flames and in the opposite direction.
- C ☐ The ship for Hong Kong twenty-four hours later.
- D ☐ After their long journey Phileas Fogg thanked their guide and him the elephant.
- E ☐ The guide them everything about the local tradition.
- F ☐ They the sound of strange musical instruments.
- G ☐ Phileas Fogg how late they were in his diary.
- H ☐ Her parents her to a European school in Bombay.

3 Characters

Decide if these statements about Mrs Aouda are true (T) or false (F). Correct the false ones.

- 1 She was the daughter of an Indian prince.
- 2 She received a good education.
- 3 She was clever, but she was not beautiful.
- 4 Both her parents died when she was a little girl.
- 5 She did not want to marry her husband.

T	F
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

'If we save this woman, they'll try and kill us!'

We use the **first conditional** (第一条件句) to talk about possibility.

If I come to your house, then we'll watch the film together.

Remember: **if** is always followed by the present tense (现在时) (*if I come to your house... NOT if I ~~will~~ come...*). The second phrase takes the future (将来时) (...*we'll watch the film...*).

4 The First Conditional (第一条件句)

Match the first part of the sentence (1-6) to the second part (A-F). Choose the correct form of the verb (动词) in part one (one is negative (否定式)) to make full sentences.

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1 If you (buy) me a coca-cola, | A <input type="checkbox"/> I'll go out with my friends. |
| 2 If I (finish) my homework in time, | B <input type="checkbox"/> if we don't hurry. |
| 3 I (go) to university | C <input type="checkbox"/> if I get that expensive dress |
| 4 If I (look after) my little brother, | D <input type="checkbox"/> I'll give you this packet of crisps. |
| 5 I (buy) the trousers | E <input type="checkbox"/> if I do well in my exams |
| 6 We (miss) the film | F <input type="checkbox"/> my mother will give me £10. |

5 Holi

Read the information about the traditional festival of *Holi*, in India. Choose a word for each space. Mark the correct letter — A, B, C or D.



Holi is one of the (0) D... important festivals in the Hindu calendar. Holi is celebrated at the end of the cold period, (1) around the end of March, at full moon. The evening before the festival people (2) a big bonfire. The next day the streets are (3) of colourfully-dressed people. They cover (4) — and everyone else! — with coloured water.

The festival celebrates how the good people of this world will win over the bad. The king of the demons was (5) with his son because he prayed to the god Vishnu and ordered him to burn him on a bonfire with his sister Holika. Unlike (6) brother, Holika had a special scarf to protect her (7) the fire, but it came off and covered her brother instead. She died, but her brother lived.

- | | | | |
|-------------|-------------|-----------|---------------|
| 0 A all | B more | C better | <u>D</u> most |
| 1 A always | B times | C usually | D sometimes |
| 2 A put | B light | C has | D fired |
| 3 A filling | B full | C filled | D fill |
| 4 A was | B is | C herself | D themselves |
| 5 A brave | B surprised | C angry | D sad |
| 6 A her | B him | C she | D his |
| 7 A in | B at | C with | D from |

6 Speaking: Festivals

Talk about a festival in your country, or one you have been to recently. Ask and answer the questions by yourself.

- 1 How often does the festival take place?
- 2 What happens at this festival?
- 3 Is there any special food or special traditions?



India and British Colonies¹ *in the East*

British Colonies in the East

In 1600 the English queen, Elizabeth I, created a company called the East India Company. The new company was very powerful and it controlled the buying and selling of everything that came from the East. This company was later called the British East India Company. By the 19th century, the company was very rich. It had its own soldiers and it controlled large areas of Asia and Africa, such as India, Myanmar and parts of South Africa. It also took control of big ports that became countries, like Hong Kong and Singapore.

This situation was dangerous for Britain because nobody in the company had official power to rule² these countries. The company's men did not understand the people that lived there and they often controlled these areas by violent methods.

The company lost a lot of money and, after a big rebellion by Indian soldiers in 1857, the British government took responsibility for the areas controlled by the company. The countries became British colonies and British officials became their new rulers. The new colonies followed British law.

The centre for British power in India was Calcutta (Kolkata today). At the time Jules Verne wrote *Around the World in Eighty Days*, many British people worked in Calcutta and it was a very important port. India became an independent country in 1947. Around this time, many other British colonies became independent too, but British

1. Colonies : 殖民地。

2. to rule : 统治。



Map of India, XIX century.

officials stayed in Hong Kong until 1997, after an agreement with China.

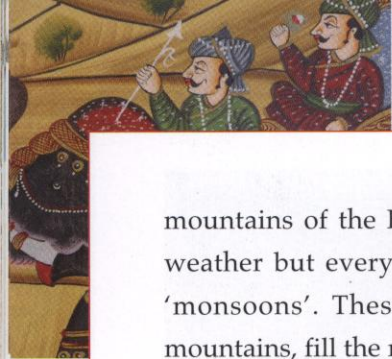
India today

India has the second largest population in the world. Its economy is growing fast, but it also has some of the world's poorest people.

India is in South Asia. Over 7,000 kilometres of the country lie next to the sea. The Indian climate is different from north to south, and from the mountains to the low lands. In the south the climate is tropical,¹ but in the north it is either very hot or almost cool. On the high

1. tropical : 热带的。

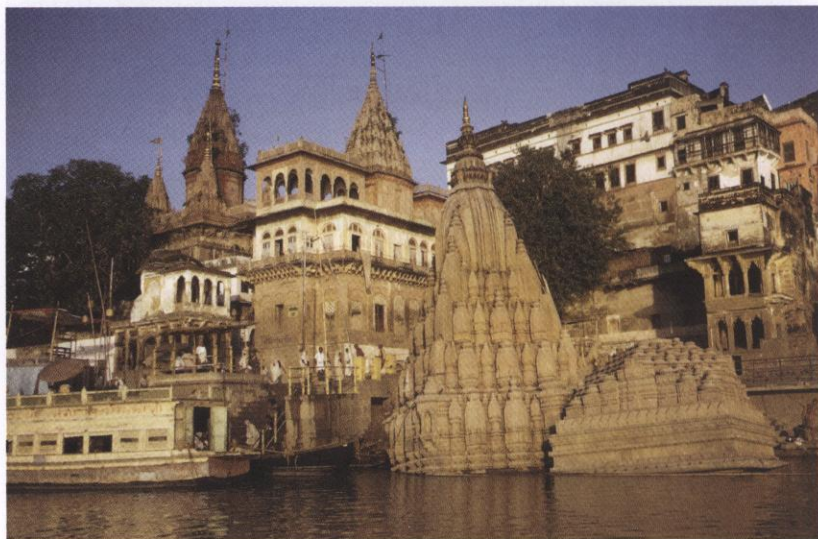




mountains of the Himalayas there is snow all year. India has dry weather but every year heavy rains arrive with winds called the 'monsoons'. These rains, with the melting¹ snow of the high mountains, fill the rivers, like the River Ganges. The Ganges is a very important river because the fields in the north get most of their water from this river.

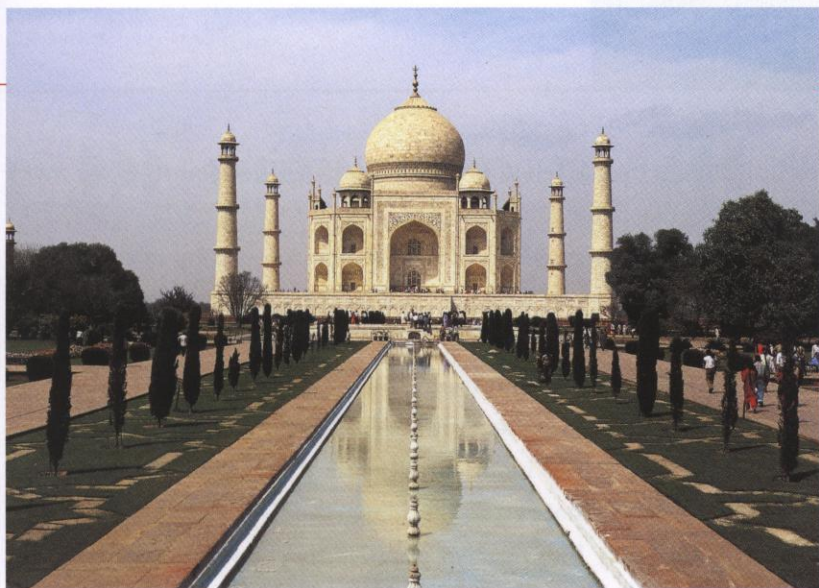
The biggest cities are Mumbai (Bombay), in the west, New Delhi, in the north, Kolkata (Calcutta), in the east and Chennai (Madras), in the south.

India is a country of many different customs,² traditions and languages. Among the many religious groups there are Hindus, Muslims, Sikhs, Christians and Buddhists.



Varanasi, along the River Ganges.

1. melting : 融化。
2. customs : 风俗。



Taj Mahal.

There are many beautiful areas to visit and interesting things to see in India. There are a lot of beautiful temples, pagodas and forts.¹ Probably one of the best-known monuments² is the Taj Mahal. The Taj Mahal is a beautiful building made of white marble³ near Agra, in north India.

People also come to India to stay on the beaches or go to the forests and big national parks to see its amazing wildlife, such as elephants, monkeys, rhinoceroses⁴ and tigers. Today there are not many tigers in the wild, but you can go with a guide to the national parks. Killing tigers was once big business, but it is now against the law.

Tourism is only part of India's economy. Agriculture is still one of India's main industries, as well as textiles,⁵ chemicals and electronics⁶. In recent times there has been an increase in customer service jobs. For example, there are people in India who are employed to give

1. **forts** : 堡垒。

2. **monuments** : 纪念碑。

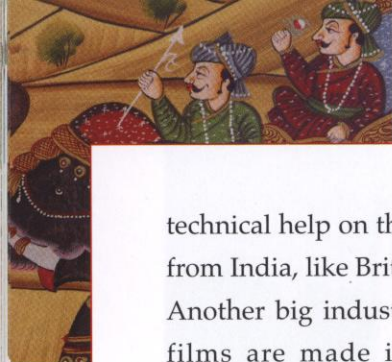
3. **marble** : 大理石。

4. **rhinoceroses** : 犀牛。

5. **textiles** : 纺织原料。

6. **electronics** : 电子业。





technical help on the telephone to people in other countries far away from India, like Britain.

Another big industry is the film industry. Every year thousands of films are made in Mumbai. In fact the town is often called 'Bollywood' – a combination of its old city name – Bombay, and the American film capital, Hollywood.

As well as going to the cinema to see Bollywood actors and actresses, other popular activities include music, dancing, and the theatre with long Hindu stories that can last for days!

Cricket is probably India's most popular sport and the country has a strong national team.



Victoria Station, Bombay.



INTERNET PROJECT

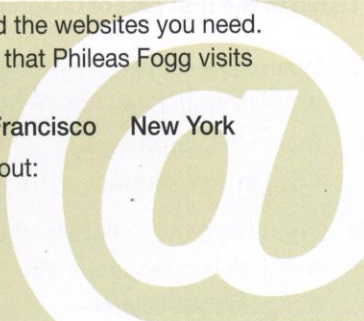


Follow the instructions on page 40 to find the websites you need.
Find out more about one of these places that Phileas Fogg visits next.

Hong Kong Japan San Francisco New York

Do your own fact file with information about:

- ▶ Population
- ▶ History
- ▶ Geography
- ▶ Places to visit



Your trip around the world

- 1 Read the email. Choose a country you plan to visit on your trip around the world. Write an email in reply describing where you are, what you have done and what you can do there.



Hi Sarah,

I'm in an Internet cafe in India, so finally I can write. India is great. It is just as we imagined it. Everything is so different.

Today we went to a river festival and we saw people washing themselves in the River Ganges. We left something for the goddess of the river, too, just in case! You need good luck when you're travelling!

Tomorrow we're going to Bombay, or Mumbai as it is really called. We want to see the film studios there. I think it'll be really good fun. After that we plan to lie on the beach in Goa for a week!

What about you? Where are you now? You won't want to go back to England after your journey to Thailand.

Kim and Jason



Before you read



1 Listening

Listen to the first part of Chapter Five. For each question tick (✓) A, B or C.

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1 Where are they? | 2 What is Inspector Fix waiting for? |
| A <input type="checkbox"/> In Singapore. | A <input type="checkbox"/> The Hong Kong police. |
| B <input type="checkbox"/> In Hong Kong. | B <input type="checkbox"/> Phileas Fogg. |
| C <input type="checkbox"/> In Yokohama. | C <input type="checkbox"/> The arrest warrant. |
| 3 What happens to Passepartout? | |
| A <input type="checkbox"/> He hits Inspector Fix. | |
| B <input type="checkbox"/> He falls asleep. | |
| C <input type="checkbox"/> He disappears. | |

2 Word game

Write the word for the objects or people in the picture (you can use a dictionary to find the words). Read the letters in the red boxes and you will read a new word to help you guess what happens to Passepartout.

1

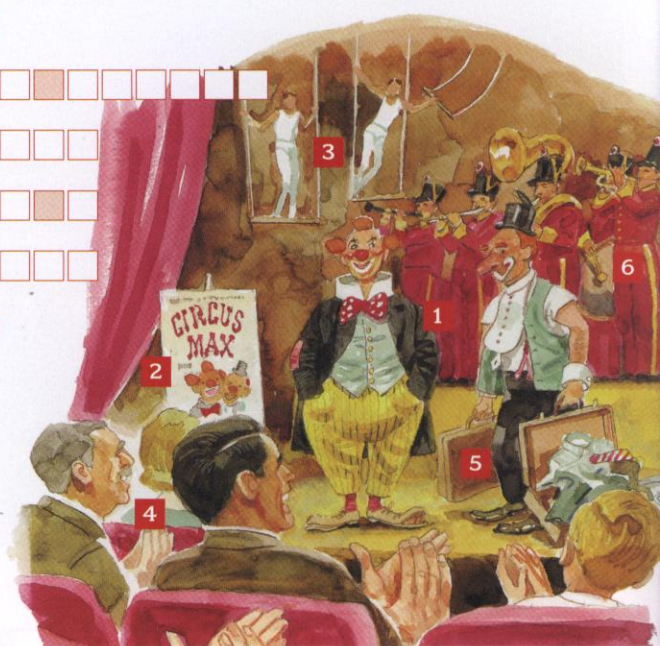
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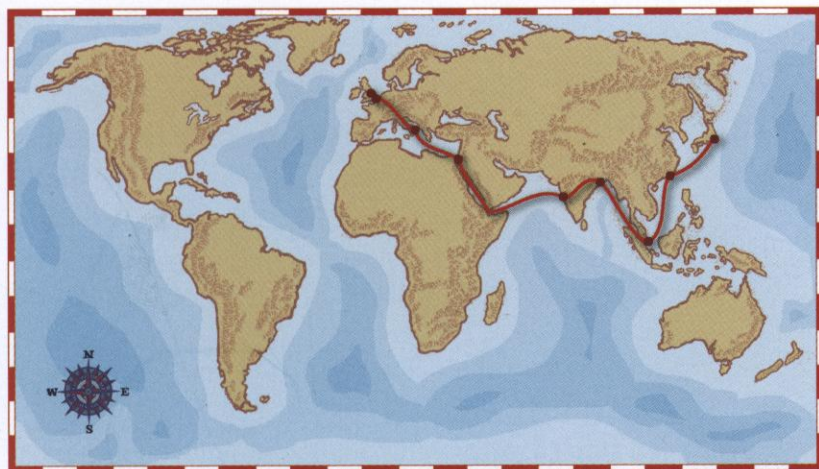
4


5

6



When Passepartout becomes an acrobat¹



6 November 

Hong Kong was the last country they travelled to under British law. This was the inspector's final opportunity to get an arrest warrant for Phileas Fogg. It was not difficult to imagine his anger when he discovered that the British officials in Hong Kong knew nothing about the warrant and told him he had to wait for it. His only chance to arrest Phileas Fogg was to keep him in Hong Kong, but how?

While he was thinking about this, Fix recognised² Passepartout walking down the steps of the *Carnatic*, the ship which was taking them to Yokohama. An excited Inspector Fix ran towards him.

'Nice to meet you again, Mr ...?'

1. **acrobat** : 杂技演员。

2. **recognised** : 认出。



AROUND the WORLD in Eighty Days

‘Fix. We met in Egypt, in the Suez.’ He shook his hand. He was a little out of breath.¹

‘I’m sorry, Mr Fix, but I really don’t have time to talk,’ said Passepartout, and he continued walking.

‘Of course, I won’t stop you, but tell me, do you always go everywhere so quickly?’

‘I need to go back to the hotel to tell my master that the *Carnatic*, isn’t leaving tomorrow morning. The repairs are complete and the ship is going to leave tonight.’

‘Oh, I understand, but let me walk with you on the way to your hotel,’ said Inspector Fix.

The two men talked about Hong Kong, and their journey. Suddenly Fix had an idea.

‘Maybe I can stop Passepartout from telling Phileas Fogg about the ship, and then the ship will leave without him!’ he thought to himself.

‘It’s still early,’ Inspector Fix began. ‘Why don’t we have a drink, Monsieur Passepartout? I know a nice place near the hotel. I’m sure we can stop for a drink. It’s difficult to find a good friend to talk to after such a long journey away from home.’

‘Well, just one drink...’ said Passepartout, who was enjoying his conversation with Inspector Fix.

When they were inside the bar the detective’s plan was complete. He ordered the drinks and asked the barman to make a very strong drink for Passepartout. Less than an hour later Passepartout was drunk and fell asleep at the table.

‘Ah! Phileas Fogg will never know about the ship now,’ he said to himself. ‘And, now Mr Fogg, I just need to wait until I have the

1. out of breath : 喘不过气。





AROUND the WORLD in Eighty Days

warrant for your arrest, and it won't be long now, you can be certain of that!'

The next day, when Phileas Fogg woke up, he was a little surprised to see that Passepartout was not there. He packed the suitcases himself and paid the hotel bill. Then he went straight to the port with Mrs Aouda. But Passepartout was not there.

'How strange!' thought Phileas Fogg, but he showed no surprise to find that the *Carnatic* was not at the port. In fact, he did not seem worried about the departure¹ of the ship or his manservant. Instead he went to speak to the captains of the different boats in the port.

Inspector Fix, who was waiting for Phileas Fogg, followed behind. The *Carnatic* was on its way to Yokohama. What was Phileas Fogg's new plan? Fix saw him pay the captain of a small ship, who agreed to leave immediately. 'Oh no!' thought Inspector Fix. 'He always thinks of something. That thief! He can't escape!² Not now.'

Fix was very angry and upset. He walked up and down near the ship, until Phileas Fogg noticed the poor man.

'Are you looking for a ship, too, my good man?' he asked. 'We're going to Japan. If that's the direction you're going in, you're welcome to come with us.'

'Thank you, sir. That's very kind of you. My ship left early and I am in a terrible situation, in fact, I was just thinking about how I could find another ship to take me to Yokohama,' replied Inspector Fix. He was amazed at his good luck but he was worried that things were not going exactly as he planned. He was determined to catch his thief. 'I'll have to follow Fogg around the world if that's the only way I can catch him,' he thought.

1. departure : 起程，离开。

2. escape : 逃脱。

When Passepartout becomes an acrobat



But where was our friend Passepartout?

Passepartout woke up in the bar a few hours later. His head hurt and he could not remember anything, except that he came into a bar with someone he met and that he talked to a man about... the ship! The *Carnatic* was leaving that evening. He looked at his watch. 'Oh no!' he thought. 'I'm late. Mr Fogg will be at the port now.' He ran to the boat and got on. He looked everywhere for Mr Fogg and Mrs Aouda, but he could not see them. It was then that he started to remember his afternoon with the man he met at the port. 'But of course!' he thought. 'Mr Fogg doesn't know. How could he? I was still in that bar with Mr Fix, and then I ...'

It was too late. The ship was already sailing towards Yokohama.

He felt very bad. This was terrible. His master was losing his bet because of him. And he did not have a penny in his pocket!¹

When he arrived in Yokohama, he walked around the streets, trying to decide what to do. Soon he felt hungry and he decided to sell his elegant European jacket and buy an old Japanese one, but the money was not enough. He needed money to eat and to sleep, and, above all, to return home. Just when he thought the situation was hopeless he saw an advertisement for a circus.

Don't miss Batulcar's Circus. The last show before the circus moves to America. Acrobats, clowns,² lions, tigers and much more!

'What luck!' thought Passepartout. 'I'll go to the circus owner. If he lets me go with them, I can go to America, and from there to England.'

1. he did not have a penny in his pocket : 他分文无有。

2. clowns : 小丑。



AROUND the WORLD in Eighty Days

‘So, you say you’re from Paris?’ said Mr Batulcar, a big man with a bald ¹ head and a moustache. He looked at Passepartout carefully.

‘Yes, a true Parisian, from Paris,’ replied Passepartout.

‘Well, you know how to make funny faces then,’ said Mr Batulcar smiling from the corners of his moustache.

Passepartout did not understand what he meant. ‘Err... yes,’ he said uncertainly. ‘Good! Then you can start as a clown,’ said Mr Batulcar, ‘and then you can do other jobs if we need an extra ² man. You can look after the tigers, for example.’

Passepartout was not very happy about this offer, but he needed the job.

That night an acrobat was ill, and Passepartout had to take his place as part of a human pyramid. ³ Passepartout was at the bottom of the pyramid and he had to carry the weight of several men on his shoulders. The audience shouted out loudly, the drums sounded like a thunderstorm, and then... the people in the pyramid fell to the floor like a pack of cards. What happened?

Passepartout was running towards someone in the audience, someone he was very happy to see. It was his old employer, Phileas Fogg. But how did he get there?

When Fogg and Mrs Aouda arrived in Yokohama a week later, they spoke to the captain of the *Carnatic* and found Passepartout’s name among the list of passengers, but his ticket only took him to Yokohama. Phileas Fogg and Mrs Aouda wanted to find Passepartout before the ship left for its next destination — San Francisco. Inspector Fix, on the other hand, had no choice. He

1. **bald** : 秃的。

2. **extra** : 临时的，额外的。

3. **pyramid** : 尖塔。

When Passepartout becomes an acrobat

went with them and became their 'friend'.

They looked all over the city but they could not find him anywhere. In the end, Phileas Fogg decided he wanted to go and see the circus. 'We haven't much time left in the city. Let's go and see the circus. I believe it's very good,' he told the others. Mr Fix and Mrs Aouda agreed. Phileas Fogg did not see his manservant among the acrobats, but his manservant certainly saw him, and he left everyone else in the human pyramid in a big group of arms and legs on the floor.

They had no time to say sorry to a very angry Mr Batulcar. The *Carnatic* was leaving for America.



Go back to the text

1 Summary

Read this summary of the first part of Chapter Five. Complete it with the missing words. Write one word for each space.

When they arrive in Hong Kong, Inspector Fix (0)^{is}..... disappointed to find that the British officials there don't know anything about (1) arrest warrant. Then (2) recognises Passepartout going (3) the steps of the *Carnatic* and he goes to (4) to him. Passepartout tells him that he doesn't have time to talk. He (5) tell his master that the *Carnatic* is (6) that night. Inspector Fix wants Phileas Fogg to miss the ship so he can keep him (7) Hong Kong. He makes a plan to get Passepartout drunk so that he (8) not tell his master about the ship.

The next day Phileas Fogg is surprised to see that his manservant is (9) there, but he goes to the port with Mrs Aouda. The ship is not there either, so Phileas Fogg speaks to another captain, who agrees to take (10) to Yokohama. He invites Inspector Fix, who is watching him and Mrs Aouda, to join them.

2 Question words

Choose the correct question word for these questions about what happens to Passepartout and answer them.

Who What When Where Why How

- 1 was Passepartout when he woke up?
- 2 did he remember about what happened?
- 3 did he feel?
- 4 did he take the job with the circus?
- 5 did he see in the crowd?
- 6 happened to the people in the human pyramid?
.....

























3 Crack the code!

Inspector Fix made some notes in his notebook about the thief. Some of the words are still in code. Use the code below to re-write the words.

Phileas Fogg: a very $\mathfrak{M} \bullet \mathfrak{M} \spadesuit \mathfrak{M} \boxtimes$ thief. Strange, $\bigcirc \boxtimes \nabla \blacktriangleleft \mathfrak{M} \boxtimes \times \bigcirc \blacklozenge \nabla$ character. Always $\bullet \square \square \& \nabla$ at his $\triangleright \& \blacktriangleleft \mathfrak{M} \text{wavy}$. Very rich. He is able to make $\mathfrak{M} \square \mathfrak{M} \bullet \mathfrak{M}$ do what he $\triangleright \& \bigcirc \blacktriangleleft \nabla$. E.g., the $\mathfrak{M} \text{wavy} \mathfrak{M} \& \text{wavy} \bigcirc$ of the ship that took us to $\boxtimes \square \& \text{wavy} \& \text{wavy} \& \text{wavy}$. Possibly other $\mathfrak{M} \boxtimes \times \bigcirc \times \bigcirc \& \bullet$ friends in other $\mathfrak{M} \bigcirc \blacklozenge \bigcirc \blacktriangleleft \boxtimes \mathfrak{M} \nabla$.

Passepartout: Phileas Fogg's servant. ▽◀☒□○%◊, able to do lots of
 ◊✕✕✕%◊◊◊◊◊◊ jobs, maybe he is ≈%◊☒✕◊◊ the thief? Clever, but
 ◊☒◊◊◊◊◊◊ people too much. Very ◊◊☒◊◊◊. Paid well?

Mrs Aouda: very ♀☒☒◀◀☒. Travelling with the two men. They ☐☒◀ her in India. A ▷✕☐☐◀ - her husband died recently. She ☒▽☒☒☒☒☐☐ India with them. Good ☒☐◀☒☒☒◀☒☐☐ and intelligent. In ☐☐❖☒ with one of them?

A  B  C  D  E  F  G  H  I  J  K  L 
M  N  O  P  R  S  T  U  V  W  X  Y 

4 Speaking: Work

Passepartout finds a job in the circus. Look at the different jobs Passepartout did in Paris in Chapter One. What does he know how to do? Would you like to do any of the jobs Passepartout did in Chapter One or Chapter Five? Now answer the questions about work.

- 1 What is your ideal job and why?
- 2 What job would you not like to do? Why not?
- 3 What jobs do you parents do?

Your trip around the world

5 Imagine that you need to find a job on your travels because you need to save some money for the next part of your trip. Discuss these questions with someone else.

- 1 Which country are you going to go to for work?
- 2 What work are you going to look for there?

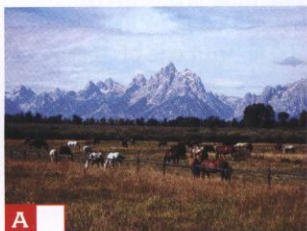
Before you read

1 Vocabulary

Read the sentences. Complete each one with a word. Match them to a photo.

ravines city deserts mountains

- 1 San Francisco is a big in California.
- 2 Nevada is a state in the west of America. There are very large in Nevada.
- 3 Wyoming is in the west of the United States. There are many and deep in Wyoming.



2 Reading pictures

Find these words in the pictures on pages 71, 74 and 75.

carriage snow buffalo bridge
passengers coal driver engine rail tracks

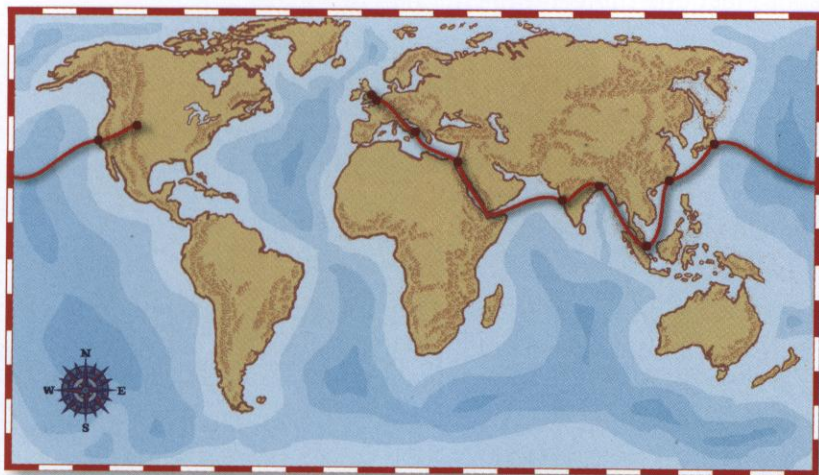



3 Listening

Listen to the first part of Chapter Six.

- 1 What city do they arrive at in California?
- 2 Why does the train stop around nine o'clock the following morning?
- 3 Passepartout does not want to talk to Inspector Fix. Why?

When our friends risk their lives



25 November 

They were now sailing across the Pacific on the *Carnatic* in the direction of San Francisco.

On the journey Passepartout started to remember more details about his evening with Mr Fix and he began to ask questions.

Why did the man try and keep him in the bar for so long? Why was he doing the exact same journey as them? It wasn't an unusual route, but why did he also want to do it so quickly? Was he following them?

'I'm going for a walk. I believe Mrs Aouda will join me. I'll see you in the morning at seven-fifteen,' said Phileas Fogg,



AROUND the WORLD in Eighty Days

interrupting his manservant's thoughts. His master certainly did not look worried and Passepartout decided that he had to think about just one thing: his master had to win his bet.

In the next few days it became clear that Mrs Aouda was very close to Phileas Fogg. He, on the other hand, did not seem to notice the beautiful lady by his side.

When they arrived in San Francisco he made a note in his diary:

Tuesday - 2 hours ahead.

Wednesday - 3 hours behind.

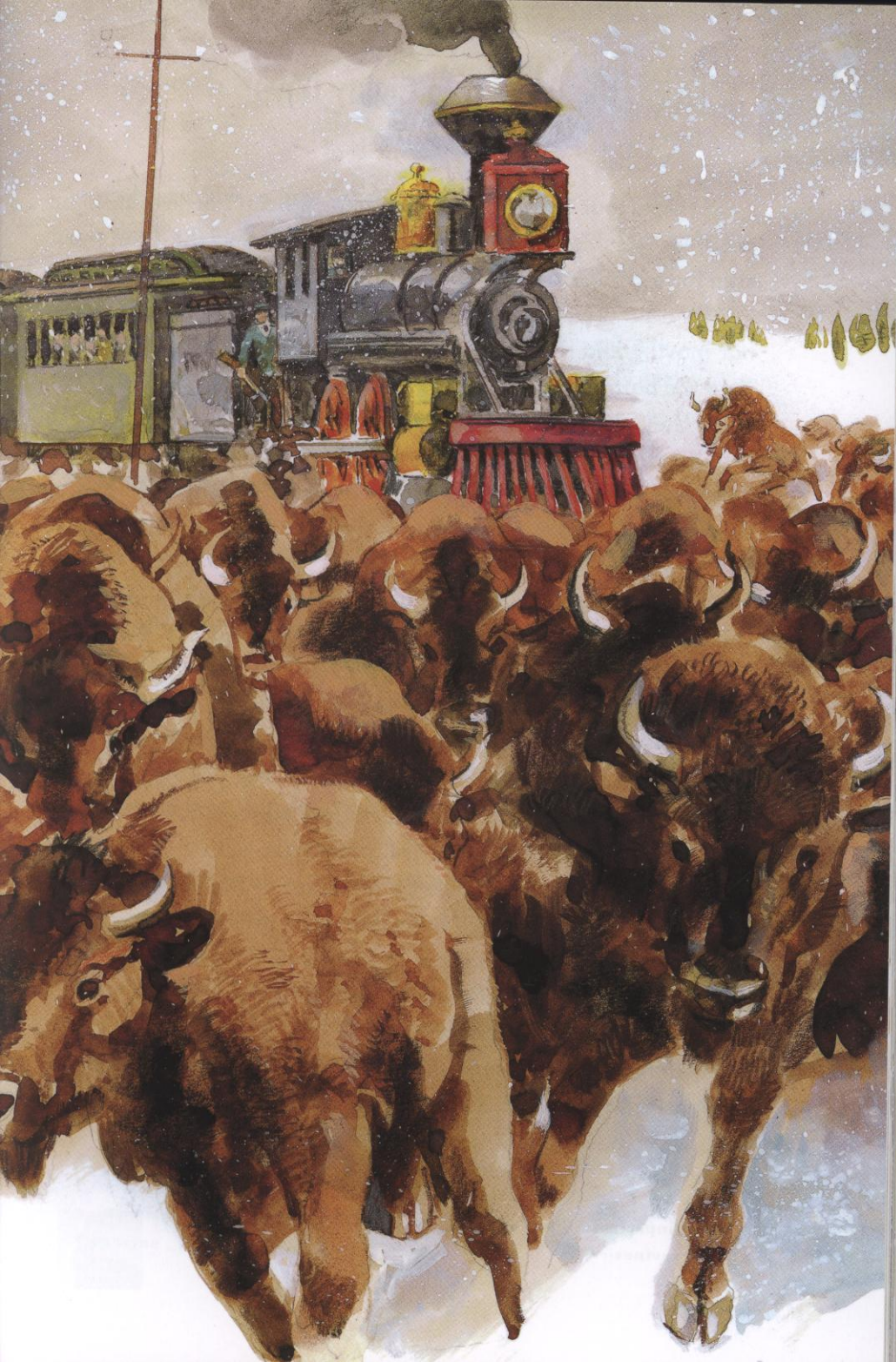
Thursday - arrived in San Francisco on time.

The same evening, at exactly six o'clock, our adventurers left San Francisco to travel to New York. The journey that once took six months to complete, now took seven days on the new Union Pacific Railroad that took the passengers from San Francisco in the west, to Omaha in the central state of Nebraska. From there Phileas Fogg hoped to continue to New York for the final part of their journey: crossing the Atlantic to England on 11 December.

On the train Passepartout sat next to Inspector Fix, but he did not want to talk to him. He was still confused by his behaviour in the bar and he did not like him.

After just one hour it started to snow. Fortunately the snow did not slow down the train. However, about nine o'clock the next morning, the train stopped. To their amazement¹ it was not because of the snow but because hundreds of buffalos were crossing the tracks in front of the train.

1. **amazement** : 惊讶。





AROUND the WORLD in Eighty Days

Passepartout became very impatient.¹ 'I can't believe this!' he shouted. 'This country has a modern railway and the train must stop for a group of animals!'

The train driver told them he had no choice. The buffalos were not moving and they could damage the engine. They had to wait until the buffalos moved across the tracks — three hours later!

As they went through the mountains in Wyoming, Phileas Fogg taught Mrs Aouda how to play cards. Mrs Aouda was a very patient learner, and they were soon so occupied with their games that they did not even seem to notice the deep ravines² below them.

Passepartout was looking out of the window, thinking about the bet, when he almost hit the seat in front of him. The train stopped suddenly and gave several loud whistles.³ He got up to see what the problem was. He saw the driver talking to a man from the next station, a place called Medicine Bow.

'The station guard sent me to tell you that you can't go any further,' he said. 'The bridge across the ravine is not safe and it can't take the weight of the train. We have sent a telegram to Omaha, but it will be six hours before another train arrives.'

'We can't stay here all night. We'll die of cold in this snow!' shouted one of the passengers, hearing their conversation.

'Yes, but it will take six hours to go on foot to the next station,' said the train driver's assistant.

'I think I have an idea,' said the train driver. 'We can get our train across the bridge, if we go fast enough.'

1. **impatient** : 不耐烦的。

2. **ravines** : 峡谷。

3. **whistles** : 汽笛。



When our friends risk their lives



Passepartout was interested to hear more.

‘If the train moves at its top speed, the train won’t be as heavy on the bridge,’ he continued. ‘And we can get across before the bridge breaks.’

Passepartout was worried for himself and the other passengers. The bridge could break before the train reached the other side! He could not understand why the other passengers seemed to think this was a good idea.

‘Isn’t there a simpler solution,¹ perhaps...?’ he began to ask the driver.

The driver was not listening. ‘No, no, this is the best solution we have,’ he said.

‘Yes, but maybe not the safest...’

Passepartout tried to explain that he had another idea.

‘Maybe the passengers can go across the bridge on foot. Then the train could follow afterwards,’ he said to the train driver’s assistant.

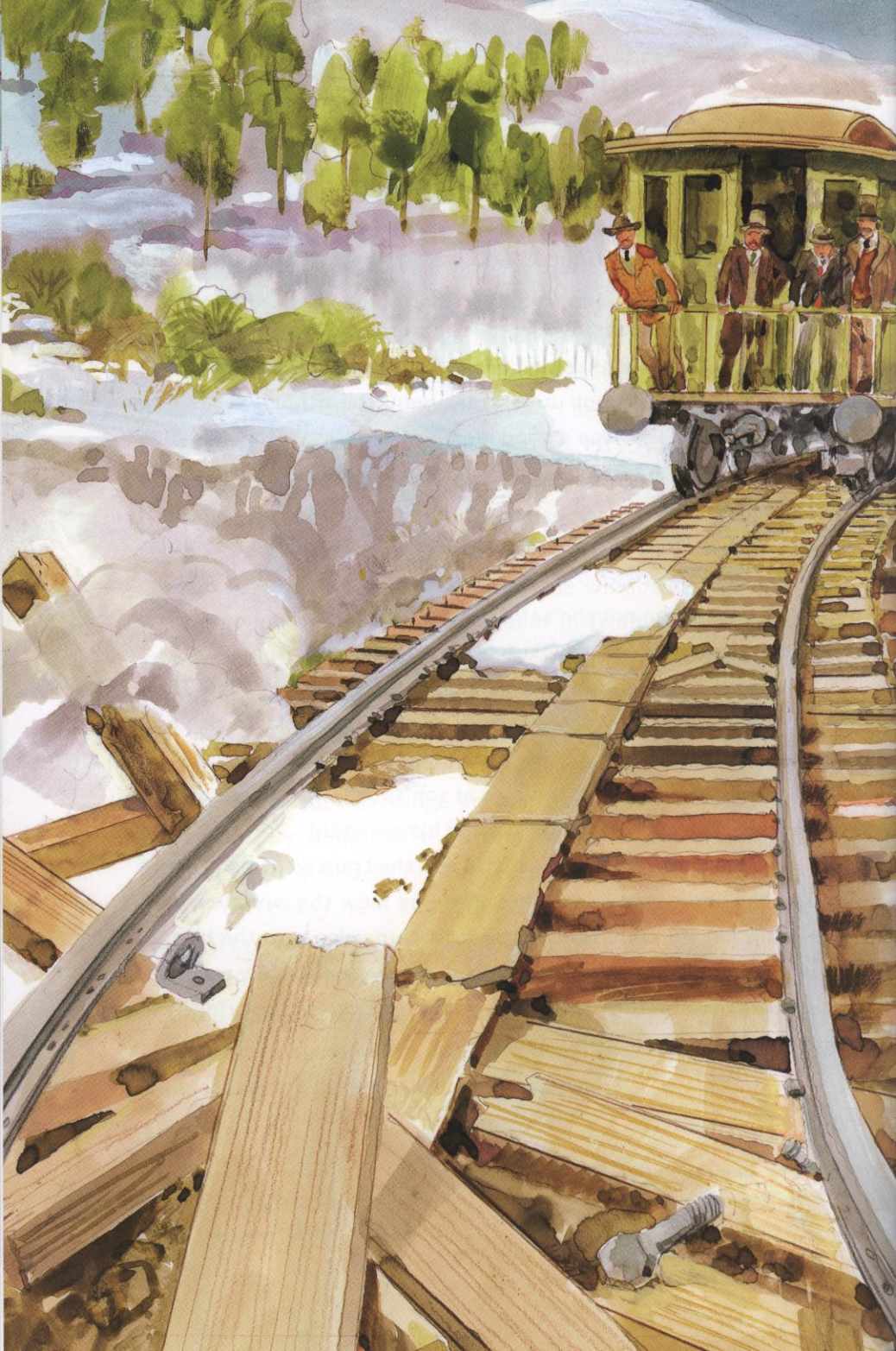
‘No, the driver is right. If we go at top speed, we can get across the bridge. The train’s leaving!’² cried his assistant.

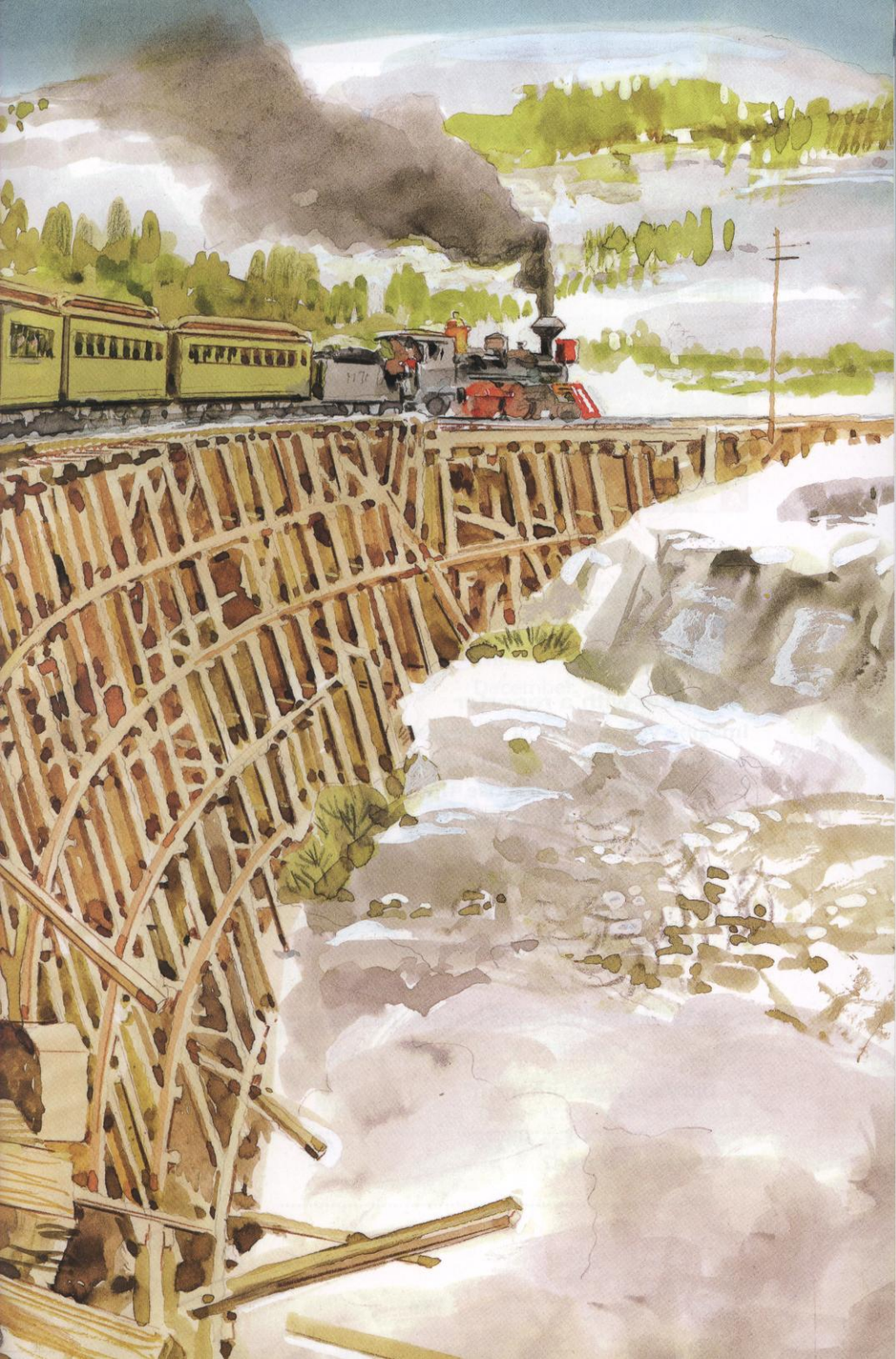
The train driver blew the whistle and the train went back along the tracks about two kilometres. Then he blew the whistle again. The train moved faster and faster as it came closer to the bridge. In what seemed like minutes, or maybe it was only a few seconds, they were over on the other side, just in time to see the bridge fall into the deep ravine³ behind them.

1. a simpler solution : 更简单的解决办法。

2. The train’s leaving! : 火车要开了!

3. ravine : 深谷。

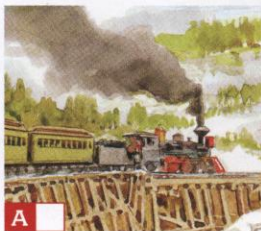




Go back to the text

1 Summary

Put the pictures in the order you read about these events in Chapter Six. Use the pictures to write your own short summary of what happens in Chapter Six.



A ☐



B ☐



C ☐

.....

.....

.....

2 Interview with a reporter

Imagine you are one of the passengers on the train. A reporter asks you some questions about what happened at Medicine Bow. Answer the questions and practise the dialogue with someone else. Write some more questions of your own.

- 1 Why did the train stop?
.....
- 2 What did the train driver decide to do?
.....
- 3 What did the other passengers think of this?
.....
- 4 Did you agree with them?
.....
- 5 Were you scared?
.....



3 Notices

Look at these notices. What do they say? Mark the correct letter A, B or C.

1

CHANG MAI TREKKING

Elephant and guide
\$10 a day

- A ☐ You can hire an elephant here.
B ☐ You must pay \$10 an hour.
C ☐ It costs \$10 to buy an elephant.

2

**Ships for Yokohama
once a week.**

**Ships leave at 10 p.m.
from the port**

- A ☐ Ships leave from Yokohama port.
B ☐ Ships leave every evening.
C ☐ There is a weekly ship to Yokohama.

3

**The first Russian
circus in America.
First show tonight
Wed 1 December**

- A ☐ The show is in Russia.
B ☐ The show is only on Wednesday.
C ☐ The show begins on the first of December.

4

**The Festival of Light.
Procession starts in the
old town, San Francisco.**

- A ☐ The festival celebrates old town traditions.
B ☐ The Festival of Light is in San Francisco.
C ☐ You must have a light to join the procession.

5

**West Pacific Rail
trains depart at these
times to New York:
10 a.m. 3 p.m. 8 p.m.**

- A ☐ There are three trains a day.
B ☐ Only West Pacific Rail travels to the west.
C ☐ Trains leave at 10 a.m. and arrive at 8 p.m.

4 Weather

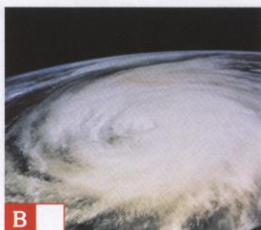
Which of these types of weather are more common to these parts of the world?

1 Central America 2 Northern Europe 3 South Asia



A ☐

monsoon rains



B ☐

hurricanes



C ☐

blizzards



5 Listening

Listen to the weather forecast and tick the weather you hear. Then match the words (1-6) to the pictures (A-F).

1 snow 2 rain 3 sun

4 thunderstorm 5 wind 6 cloudy



A ☐



B ☐



C ☐



D ☐



E ☐



F ☐

Before you read

1 Vocabulary

Find the words for these things in English. Then say which verbs in the box you can use with these objects.



A



B



C

tie up shoot fire

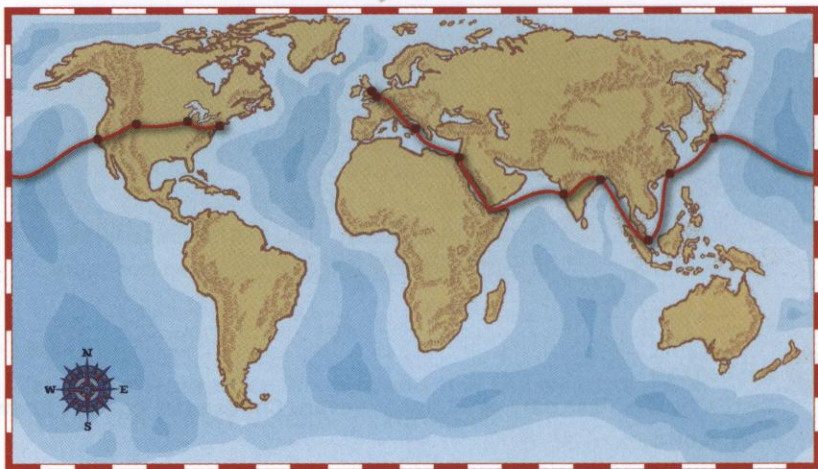



2 Listening

Listen to the first part of Chapter Seven. Choose the correct answer – A, B or C.

- What does Mrs Aouda do on the train?
 - ☐ She plays cards.
 - ☐ She looks out of the window.
 - ☐ She sleeps.
- Is Passepartout right to be worried?
 - ☐ No, nothing happens.
 - ☐ Yes, because the Sioux Indians attack them.
 - ☐ Yes, but the Sioux Indians are friendly.
- What does Passepartout do?
 - ☐ He hits a man on the head.
 - ☐ He runs out of the carriage.
 - ☐ He saves Mrs Aouda.
- Who can help the passengers?
 - ☐ The train driver.
 - ☐ The Indians.
 - ☐ The soldiers.

When Phileas Fogg comes to the rescue



1 December 

Their journey continued across the mountains of Colorado with no other surprises. At least for now.

In three days and three nights, they travelled more than 2,200 kilometres. The passengers were soon familiar with the delays; these only seemed to worry Passepartout. Phileas Fogg continued to play cards with Mrs Aouda, while Inspector Fix slept like a baby, his head going up and down with the gentle movement of the train.

Passepartout correctly predicted¹ more problems; he was right: a few days later a group of Sioux Indians attacked their train.

The Sioux rode their horses along both sides of the train. The

1. **predicted** : 预见。

When Phileas Fogg comes to the rescue



passengers heard their battle cries¹ before they arrived. Many of them knew what was happening, the horses of the Sioux moved faster than the train and several arrows flew towards the train carriages, until finally the train slowed down. Some of the passengers prepared to defend² themselves.

The Sioux jumped on the train. Their leader tied up the train driver and his assistant together and threw them off the train. Then they went towards the other carriages. 'They're coming towards our carriage!' shouted Mrs Aouda. Passepartout bravely hit one of the men over the head with the back of his gun. Then he left the others to see what he could do to stop the train and ask for help.

'We need to stop the train,' Passepartout told another passenger. 'Maybe we can ask for help from a nearby town.'

'There are soldiers at Fort Kearney, a few miles away,' replied the man.

'Good!' said Passepartout. 'We'll stop the train and someone can go and look for help.'

He knew that there was only one way to stop the train — to climb under it. He opened the door and went under their carriage. Then with his great strength he pulled himself along the bottom of the other carriages until he finally found the engine above his head. He separated³ the engine from the carriages and the train stopped. They were almost at Fort Kearney.

The soldiers at Fort Kearney heard the cries of the Sioux and the sound of the guns coming from the train. They quickly got on their horses and went to see what was happening. The Sioux were

END

1. battle cries : 喊杀声。

2. defend : 保卫，防御。

3. separated : 使分离。







AROUND the WORLD in Eighty Days

surprised to see the soldiers, who were already shooting at them from the distance.

‘Let’s go!’ said their leader. ‘But first, take that man who is giving us so much trouble.’

The group rode away on their horses taking two passengers with them, and the brave young French man who was trying to save them.

When the battle was over Phileas Fogg could not find Passepartout.

‘The Indians took him away,’ said a passenger. ‘Poor man! They’ll kill him for sure!’

‘I’ll find him and bring him back, dead or alive,’ replied Phileas Fogg.

Mrs Aouda looked into his eyes. He was her hero. He truly was a wonderful person.

‘We can save these people, but I need help,’ Phileas Fogg said to the soldiers.

He left the fort with thirty soldiers, and their horses, and followed the direction of the Sioux.

Mrs Aouda and Mr Fix waited for him at Fort Kearney. It was incredibly cold and the wind was blowing hard.¹ Inspector Fix and Mrs Aouda sat in the uncomfortable² station waiting room trying to keep warm. From time to time they looked outside at the snow. The darkness of the night started to become morning, but she still could not see Phileas Fogg.

Not long after the sun came up they heard the sound of guns in the distance. They stood up, worried, and looked out of the

1. **blowing hard** : (风) 疾而猛。

2. **uncomfortable** : 令人不舒服的。

When Phileas Fogg comes to the rescue



windows. But there was no battle, just the sound of celebrations.¹ A group of people, with Phileas Fogg in front, were coming on horses towards them. Passepartout and the two other passengers were sitting on the horses behind. They looked safe and well.

Mrs Aouda ran to meet them. Inspector Fix waited outside the station. 'Maybe he's not so clever after all,' he decided. 'But we must return to England soon and then I can arrest him.'

'You're all back safe! This is wonderful!' Mrs Aouda cried. Everyone, except Passepartout, looked happy.

'Yes, we're safe but Mr Fogg will probably lose his bet because of me,' said Passepartout. He left them to their celebrations and went to the station to find out about trains to New York.

'When's the next train to New York?' he asked.

'The next one leaves tonight,' was the reply.

'But we're already over twenty-four hours late. If the train leaves tonight, we'll be too late to get the boat!' Passepartout felt very bad. He wanted to be a hero, and Phileas Fogg came to rescue him.

At that moment Inspector Fix returned with a man he was talking to outside the station.

'This man says he can take us to the station in Omaha in his sledge,'² he said. 'We can take a train to New York from there.' The man had a strange sledge with sails.³ He explained to them that he often took passengers from one station to another in the winter, when the snow stopped the trains, and that with a good wind behind them, they could go a lot faster than the train.

1. **celebrations** : 庆祝。

2. **sledge** : 雪橇。

3. **sails** : 帆。



AROUND the WORLD in Eighty Days

Phileas Fogg agreed. They had no choice.

They all climbed onto the sledge. The sledge travelled very quickly across the icy, flat lands of the central states. The passengers were very cold, and with an icy wind blowing in their ears they did not speak for most of the journey. They were in Omaha in less than five hours. When they arrived, they thanked the man and Phileas Fogg paid him well.



When Phileas Fogg comes to the rescue



Fortunately, they found a train to Chicago and then to New York immediately. They arrived in New York two days later at eleven o'clock on 11 December. They quickly went to the port, but the *China*, the ship taking them to Liverpool, was not there. Fogg did not look surprised. He looked at his watch. They were forty-five minutes late.



Go back to the text

1 Comprehension check

Read these sentences about Chapter Seven. Decide if each sentence is correct or incorrect. If it is correct, mark A. If it is not correct, mark B.

- | | A | B |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 The Sioux only attacked the train driver. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 2 Passepartout did not know how to separate the carriages from the engine. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 3 The Sioux were surprised by the arrival of the soldiers. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 4 The Sioux took two passengers and Passepartout. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 5 Inspector Fix went with Phileas Fogg. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 6 Passepartout did not want to celebrate Phileas Fogg's return. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 7 The sledge travelled quicker than the train. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 8 The train to New York did not leave until the next day. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

2 Characters

Look at the title of Chapter Seven. Who is really the hero? Passepartout or Phileas Fogg? Choose the best answer in your opinion.

- ☐ Phileas Fogg is the real hero because he does not get caught.
- ☐ Passepartout is the real hero because he saves everyone's life, including Phileas Fogg.
- ☐ They are both heroes. Without each other, they could both be dead.

'The Sioux were surprised to see the soldiers, who were already shooting at them from the distance.'

We use the **Past Continuous** (过去进行式) to describe several situations in progress in the past, happening at the same time, or when the action in progress is suddenly interrupted by something or someone else.

Example: Mrs Aouda **was looking** outside, while the other passengers **were waiting** in the waiting room.

Passepartout **was asking** about trains, when Inspector Fix told him about the sledge.

3 Past Continuous (过去进行时)

Connect the two parts to make sentences. Write the correct form of the verb (动词) in the correct past tense (过去时态) in 1 - 5.

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1 I (cut) my finger | A <input type="checkbox"/> while they were waiting for a train. |
| 2 He (make) dinner | B <input type="checkbox"/> while she was trying to study. |
| 3 They (met) their friend at the station | C <input type="checkbox"/> when the postman arrived with a letter. |
| 4 Her brother (play) his music loudly | D <input type="checkbox"/> while I was peeling the potatoes. |
| 5 He (talk) to the neighbour | E <input type="checkbox"/> when his wife arrived home from work. |

4 Listening

You will hear a man booking a ticket at the station. Complete 1- 5 with the information you hear.

- | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| Date of journey: | 1 |
| Destination: | 2 |
| Time of the journey: | 3 |
| Price of a return ticket: | 4 if booked today. |
| Return journey: | 5 return on the |

Your trip around the world

- 5 Create your own dialogue about a place you want to visit by train with the person at the ticket office. Practice the dialogue with someone else.

Remember to:

- say when you want to leave
- ask how long it takes
- ask how much it costs



A Famous Indian and a Famous Cowboy



Sitting Bull

Sitakea Iyotake, called 'Sitting Bull', was a famous Sioux Indian. His father was rich and had a lot of horses. At the age of ten he killed his first buffalo. When he was fourteen, the other members of his tribe named him 'Sitting Bull'. A male buffalo is also called a bull and, like the animal, he was strong and slow to move until he was ready.

Sitting Bull became the leader of all the Sioux Indians in the area. The Union Pacific Railroad Company decided to build a line that went from the Pacific Ocean in the west, to central and east America. This line went through the land belonging to the Sioux. US soldiers went to the area to protect¹ the railway workers.

In 1876, a group of Sioux fought an important battle against a group of US soldiers. Sitting Bull had a dream that they were going to win the battle and this gave the other leaders courage. Many US soldiers were killed in the battle. It was an incredible victory for the Sioux.

1. protect : 保护。

Sitting Bull left a note for the soldiers telling them to leave their land because the buffalo were running away, but they fought many more battles with the soldiers before Sitting Bull finally left for Canada for two years.

Towards the end of his life, Sitting Bull joined the famous cowboy Buffalo Bill in his tour around America – a show about the adventures of famous cowboys and Indians. Here he played himself in the great battle of 1876.

In 1890 the American Government sent the Indian police – special police who controlled Indian land – to arrest Sitting Bull for the organisation¹ of an illegal² Indian dance called the ‘Ghost Dance’. When the Sioux chief resisted arrest, the officers shot him. They buried him in the area of Dakota.



Buffalo Bill

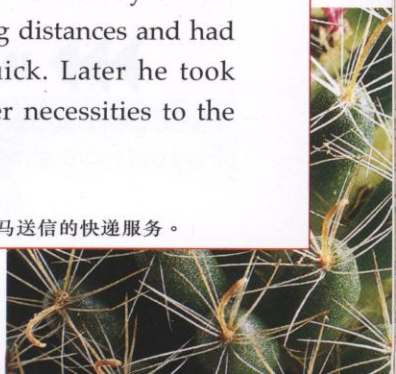
William Cody was born in Iowa in 1846. They called him ‘Buffalo Bill’ because he brought buffalo meat to the soldiers and railway workers. (‘Bill’ is a short name for William).

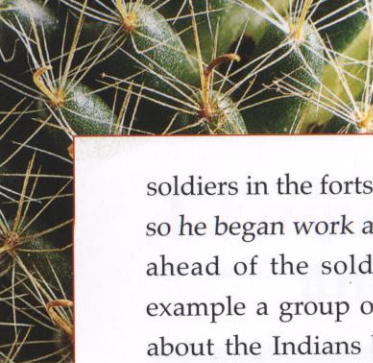
At the age of 14 he went to look for gold, but he did not go far. He took a job with the Pony Express.³ The Pony Express riders carried messages and letters by horse. They rode long distances and had to be very quick. Later he took food and other necessities to the

1. **organisation** : 组织。

2. **illegal** : 非法的。

3. **Pony Express** : 小马快递，19 世纪美国的一个利用飞马送信的快递服务。





soldiers in the forts. He wanted to be a soldier, but he was too young, so he began work as a scout. A scout is a young boy or man that goes ahead of the soldiers to tell them of any possible dangers, for example a group of Indians in the next valley. Buffalo Bill knew all about the Indians because of this job and became an excellent and loyal scout.

He also caught buffalo and he soon became famous for the large number of buffalo he caught.

In 1883 William Cody opened a show called 'Buffalo Bill's Wild West'. Many famous cowboys and Indians played parts in the show, telling their own adventures. There were stories of Indians attacking trains, robberies, and shooting competitions¹ between famous cowboys. Although the Indians were the 'enemy' in his shows, he had a lot of respect for them and made friends with some of their families. He died in 1917 and is buried on a high mountain in Colorado.

Comprehension check

Are these statements true (T) or false (F)? Correct the false ones.

	T	F
1 Sitting Bull's real name was Buffalo Bull.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2 Sitting Bull became the leader of the Sioux.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3 The American soldiers won the battle of 1876.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4 Buffalo Bill was an American soldier.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5 Buffalo Bill killed buffalo for the railway workers.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6 Sitting Bull was one of the Indians in 'Buffalo Bill's Wild West'.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>



INTERNET PROJECT



Follow the instructions on page 40 to find the websites you need.
Find out more about 'Buffalo Bill's Wild West'.

1. shooting competitions : 射击比赛。

Before you read

1 Vocabulary

Match the words in the box to a picture.

coal pirate wheel cargo ship captain crew



1



2



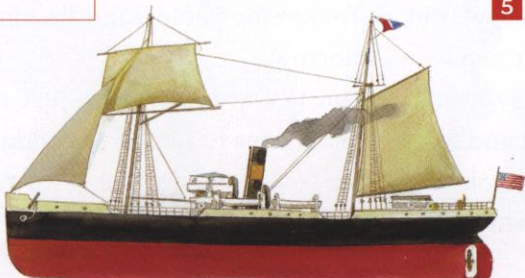
4



3

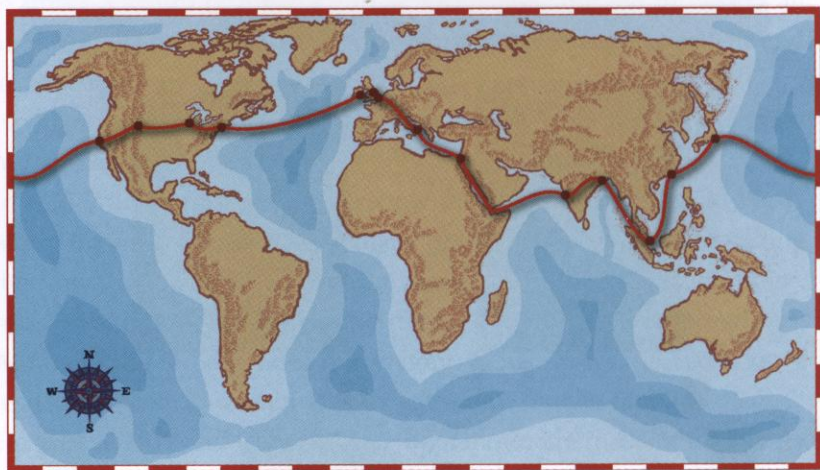



5



6

When Phileas Fogg becomes the captain of a ship



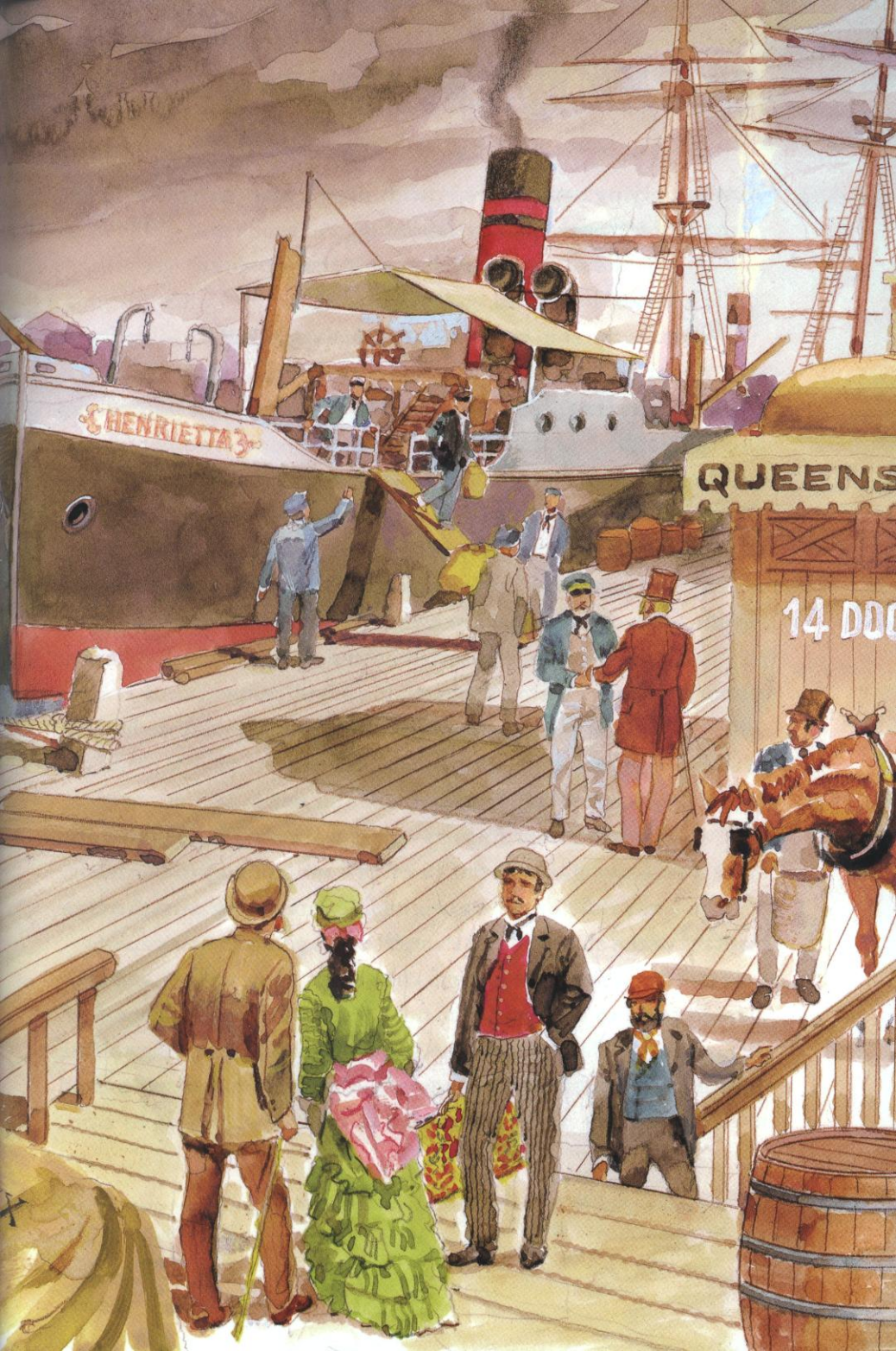
11 December 

None of the boats in the port of New York were leaving before 14 December: too late to arrive at the Reform Club before eight forty-five on 21 December.

Passepartout was very upset. They were only forty-five minutes late and he was certain it was his fault. Phileas Fogg did not want Passepartout to feel responsible¹ and he simply said, 'We'll see what happens tomorrow.'

The next day at midday on 12 December, with just nine days, thirteen hours and forty-five minutes to return to London, Phileas Fogg went to look for a ship — large or small — to take them across the Atlantic.

1. **responsible** : 负责任的。



HENRIETTA

QUEENS

14 DOCK



AROUND the WORLD in Eighty Days

After trying several ships with no success, he spoke to the captain of a cargo ship, the *Henrietta*.

‘When is the ship leaving?’ he asked the captain.

‘In an hour,’ he replied.

‘Where is the ship going to?’ Phileas Fogg asked.

‘To France. Bordeaux.’

‘Will you take myself and three other passengers to Liverpool?’

‘To Liverpool? Certainly not,’ said the captain, looking at him like he was mad. ‘This ship must arrive in Bordeaux by 20 December.’

Phileas Fogg thought for a moment. ‘I’ll give you two thousand dollars for each passenger if you take us to Bordeaux then,’ he said.

‘Two thousand dollars each?’ he repeated, amazed at such a generous offer. He scratched¹ his head. Why was this man offering him so much money? Did he have something to hide? It was a lot of money.

He agreed. ‘The ship leaves at nine,’ he said.

Two hours later our four travellers were on the *Henrietta* and they were leaving the port of New York on their way to Bordeaux.

The next day, on 13 December, Phileas Fogg was the new captain of the ship, and the *Henrietta* was going to Bordeaux.

However, Phileas Fogg gave the sailors some money and they agreed to go to Liverpool instead. The crew locked the captain in his cabin,² and he was now in there shouting and trying to free himself unsuccessfully. His companions³ were surprised to find

1. **scratched** : 抓挠。

2. **cabin** : 舱室。

3. **companions** : 同伴。

When Phileas Fogg becomes the captain of a ship



that Phileas Fogg was a good sailor. Passepartout tried to ask him about this, but Phileas Fogg did not want to talk. He had to try and cross the Atlantic in stormy weather and his mind was concentrating¹ on arriving in England on time. He also did not want to lose the ship and all its crew!

Fix decided that Phileas Fogg was not just a thief, he was a pirate². 'He's not taking the ship to Liverpool,' he thought, 'but to some unknown place where it's safe for him to escape. If I don't get help from the police there, all is lost!'

They were half-way across the Atlantic with only five days to go. They were going at top speed and everything was going well, until one of the men came to speak to Phileas Fogg.

'If we continue at this speed, we won't have enough coal to get the ship to Liverpool,' he said. 'We must slow down!'

'We can't,' replied Phileas Fogg. 'We'll burn all the wood on the ship, if we have to,' he told the worried crew member.

When they came close to Ireland, only the outside metal of the body of the ship remained. The ship could not get to Liverpool, so they stopped in Ireland.

Phileas Fogg took the ship to a port called Queenstown. From there they took a train to Dublin and then a ship to Liverpool.

Inspector Fix did not understand the man. What was in Liverpool? What was in London that he wanted to return for? This voyage³ seemed endless.

At twenty to midnight on 20 December, they finally arrived in Liverpool. They were exactly six hours away from London. Enough time to get to the Reform Club to win the bet. Inspector Fix put

1. **concentrating** : 全神贯注。

2. **pirate** : 海盗。

3. **voyage** : 航行。



AROUND the WORLD in Eighty Days

his hand on Phileas Fogg's shoulder.

'You are Mr Phileas Fogg. Is that correct?' he said.

'Yes,' said Phileas Fogg slowly. He was a little confused by the question.

'Phileas Fogg, I am arresting you in the name of the law,'¹ he said. In a moment two policemen stood next to Phileas Fogg.

Phileas Fogg was very angry. 'You...!' he began. 'I don't like men who have no loyalty to people who help them like his own friends. How could you do this, when I thought you were an honest person? You are worse than a criminal!'²

For the first time Inspector Fix felt bad. He did not know what to do now that he did not have to follow Phileas Fogg around the world. He could see that he was not really a bad man. But... he was a thief, and he wanted the reward for his efforts. He went out of the room. A policeman took Phileas Fogg away and Mrs Aouda started crying loudly. She put her head on Passepartout's shoulder and they left.

Phileas Fogg looked at the walls. He had no money. All his hopes were gone! He was in a police station because they thought he was a thief. He was losing a lot of money. He could only hope for one more amazing event to rescue him. It came sooner than he thought.

Passepartout ran back to the police station with Mrs Aouda. Then Inspector Fix arrived too. His hair was untidy³ and he could not breathe.

'Mr Fogg,' he cried when he could finally speak. 'Mr Fogg! You are free to go! They caught the thief three days ago!'

1. **I am arresting you in the name of the law** : 我以法律的名义逮捕你。警察将嫌疑犯带往警局前说的话。

2. **criminal** : 罪犯。

3. **untidy** : 凌乱的。



Go back to the text

1 Comprehension check

For each question mark the letter next to the correct answer – A, B, C or D.

1 None of the ships in the port could leave for Britain before

- A ☐ 14 December.
- B ☐ 21 December.
- C ☐ 25 December.
- D ☐ 20 December.

2 The captain of the *Henrietta* agreed to take them to

- A ☐ Liverpool.
- B ☐ Dublin.
- C ☐ Bordeaux.
- D ☐ London.

3 Phileas Fogg became the captain of the ship because

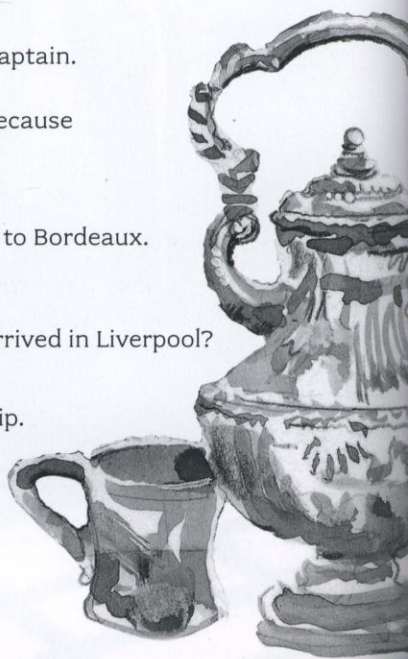
- A ☐ the captain was not good enough.
- B ☐ the crew wanted to kill the captain.
- C ☐ he paid the crew.
- D ☐ he could sail better than the captain.

4 The boat could not get to Liverpool because

- A ☐ there was too little coal.
- B ☐ they burnt the ship.
- C ☐ the captain said they must go to Bordeaux.
- D ☐ it was too expensive.

5 What happened when Phileas Fogg arrived in Liverpool?

- A ☐ He shouted at Inspector Fix.
- B ☐ He paid the captain for the ship.
- C ☐ He took the train to London.
- D ☐ Inspector Fix arrested him.



- 6 After a few hours in the police station, Fogg was free to go because
- A ☐ he paid the policemen.
 - B ☐ the police caught the real thief.
 - C ☐ Inspector Fix felt bad about it.
 - D ☐ Phileas Fogg wasn't really a bad man.

2 Summary

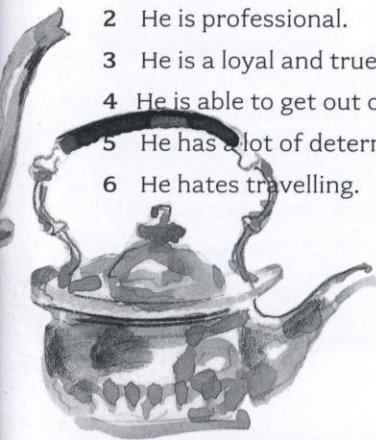
Put these events in the right order to make a summary of Chapter Eight.

- A ☐ They arrive in Ireland and take a train to Dublin.
- B ☐ Phileas Fogg burns everything he can to get the ship to Ireland.
- C ☐ When he arrives in Liverpool, Phileas Fogg is arrested.
- D ☐ They take a ship to Liverpool.
- E ☐ He pays the captain of a cargo ship to take them to Bordeaux.
- F ☐ Phileas Fogg tries to find another ship to travel across the Atlantic.
- G ☐ There is no more coal to take the ship to Liverpool.
- H ☐ Phileas Fogg becomes the captain of the ship.

3 Characters

In your opinion, which of these sentences do you think best describes Inspector Fix?

- 1 He is greedy and only thinks about money.
- 2 He is professional.
- 3 He is a loyal and true friend.
- 4 He is able to get out of difficult situations.
- 5 He has a lot of determination.
- 6 He hates travelling.



4 Fill in the gaps

Complete the police form.

Liverpool Police

Name: Phileas Fogg

Arrested on: (date) 1

At (place) 2

By: Inspector 3

Crime: 4

Your trip around the world

- 5 Phileas Fogg gives the crew some money but he probably had to 'bargain' first. 'To bargain' means you must agree on the price you want to pay for the object with the seller. Choose the correct answers for the conversation then decide how much you want to pay for these objects. Practice bargaining with someone else using the language in the example.



Example:

How much is that?

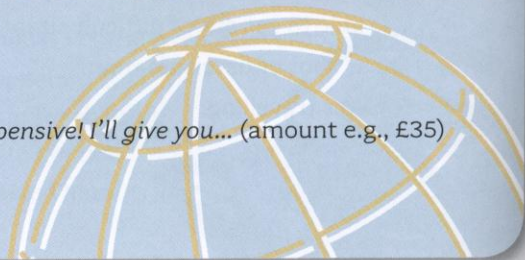
It's.... (price).

(Price e.g., £55!) That's too expensive! I'll give you... (amount e.g., £35)

No, no. £45.

Ok, £40.

Yes, alright £40.



Before you read

1 The title

Look at the title of Chapter Nine. What do you think it means?

- 1 That it is easier to travel from east to west.
- 2 That you have extra time if you travel from east to west.
- 3 That life in the East is better than in the West.

2 Reading pictures

Look at the picture on page 109.

- 1 Who is in the picture?
- 2 Where are they?
- 3 What do you think Mrs Aouda is saying?



3 Listening

Listen to the first part of Chapter Nine. Complete the text with the words you hear.

20 December

Phileas Fogg was (1) and he knew exactly what to do. He looked at Inspector Fix and then he (2) him: first with one hand, then with the other. Fix fell to the floor. Passepartout was very (3)

'Good!' he told his master. Then he turned to Inspector Fix. 'That's what happens to people who (4) like you,' he shouted at the confused detective.

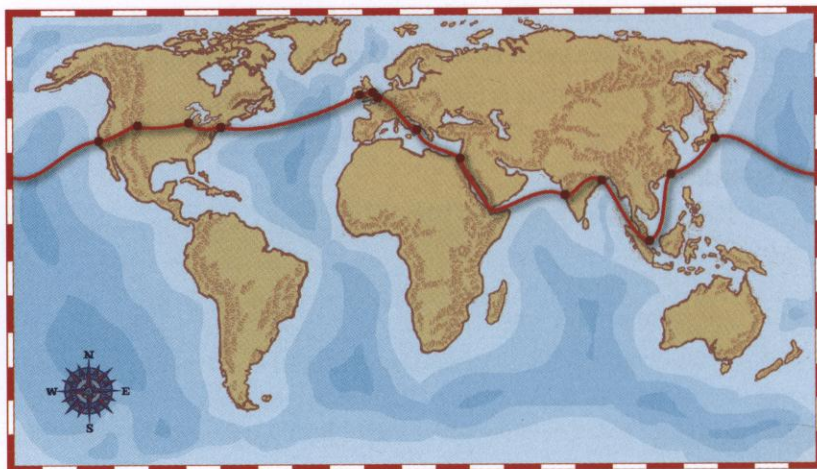

They left the police station and went towards the railway station immediately.

They were (5) time for the train, but the train was late and when they arrived in London they looked up at the clock in Euston Station to see that it was ten to (6)

Phileas Fogg lost his (7) — by five minutes!

Phileas Fogg accepted this in his usual way, without showing any particular emotion. Mrs Aouda, on the other hand, was very emotional. She continued to (8) She did not know what to do.

When it is better to travel east

20 December 

Phileas Fogg was free and he knew exactly what to do. He looked at Inspector Fix and then he hit him: first with one hand, then with the other. Fix fell to the floor. Passepartout was very happy.

‘Good!’ he told his master. Then he turned to Inspector Fix. ‘That’s what happens to people who behave like you,’ he shouted at the confused detective.

They left the police station and went towards the railway station immediately.

They were in time for the train, but the train was late and when they arrived in London they looked up at the clock in Euston Station to see that it was ten to nine.



Phileas Fogg lost his bet — by five minutes!

Phileas Fogg accepted this in his usual way, without showing any particular emotion. Mrs Aouda, on the other hand, was very emotional. She continued to cry. She did not know what to do. Passepartout was also worried for his master, and his job. It was his master's choice to spend all his money on the bet, but he was such a good, honest person. It was not good to see him like this. He still could not stop thinking that it was his fault.

The next day Passepartout followed the same routine, except for one thing. When they heard the sound of Big Ben¹ at half past eleven the next day, Phileas Fogg did not go to the Reform Club.

The house felt strange. It was like no one lived there.

At about half past seven that evening Phileas Fogg asked Mrs Aouda if he could come to her room to speak to her.

'Madam,' he began sadly. 'I wanted to take you back to England with me because I thought I could offer you a good life here. Now I am a poor man... and I have nothing to offer you.'

It was the first time Mrs Aouda saw Phileas Fogg looking really sad.

'I know, Mr Fogg, and I'm so sorry. You saved my life. You took *time to rescue me, and you lost your bet because of me.*'

'Madam, I couldn't let you die that terrible death, but now you are here, and you need a way to live. I have my house and my possessions...'

'But what about you?'

'I don't need anything.'

'Maybe your friends could...'

'I have no friends,' he said sadly.

1. **Big Ben** : 大笨钟, 伦敦议会大厦钟楼内的大钟, 是伦敦和英国的象征。



AROUND the WORLD in Eighty Days

'Well, what about your relatives?'

'I have no relatives.'

'It is easier to live in poverty¹ when there are two of us to share² it,' said Mrs Aouda taking his arm. 'I want to be your wife.'

Mr Fogg got up. Mrs Aouda saw that there was a small tear in his eye.

'I love you,' he said, 'And I want to spend my life with you.'

'Oh...!' said Mrs Aouda with a surprised cry. She was so happy that she put her hand to her heart.

Passepartout came into the room and saw his master standing close to Mrs Aouda. He understood immediately.

'This is wonderful news!' he said. 'We all need some good news.'

'Yes,' said Phileas Fogg. 'If you agree Mrs Aouda, we can get married immediately. Passepartout, do you know where Reverend Wilson lives?'

Passepartout ran to Reverend Wilson's house, but five minutes later, at twenty-five to eight he was already back at the house.

'Tomorrow morning...' he said out of breath. 'You can't get married!'

'Why?' asked Phileas Fogg.

'Because today is Saturday and tomorrow is Sunday!' he said excitedly.

'Saturday? Impossible!'³ replied Phileas Fogg.

'Yes, yes it is. Do you remember? We went around the world and we travelled east and time changes as you go around the world and we're now twenty-four hours ahead. It's Saturday!'

1. **poverty** : 贫穷。

2. **share** : 分享，分担。

3. **Impossible** : 不可能。





AROUND the WORLD in Eighty Days

Hurry, Mr Fogg! We only have ten minutes. You can still win your bet.'

They took Phileas Fogg's carriage to go to the Reform Club. Passepartout wanted to drive. He almost hit two dogs and they almost had more accidents¹ before they arrived at the Reform Club at eight forty-four. Phileas Fogg's friends were waiting around the table impatiently.

'Well, hello my friends,' he said, when he stepped into the Games Room at eight forty-five. 'I believe that I am now a rich man,' he said with a small smile.

They all agreed. Here he was, eighty days later.

And that was how Phileas Fogg won his bet.

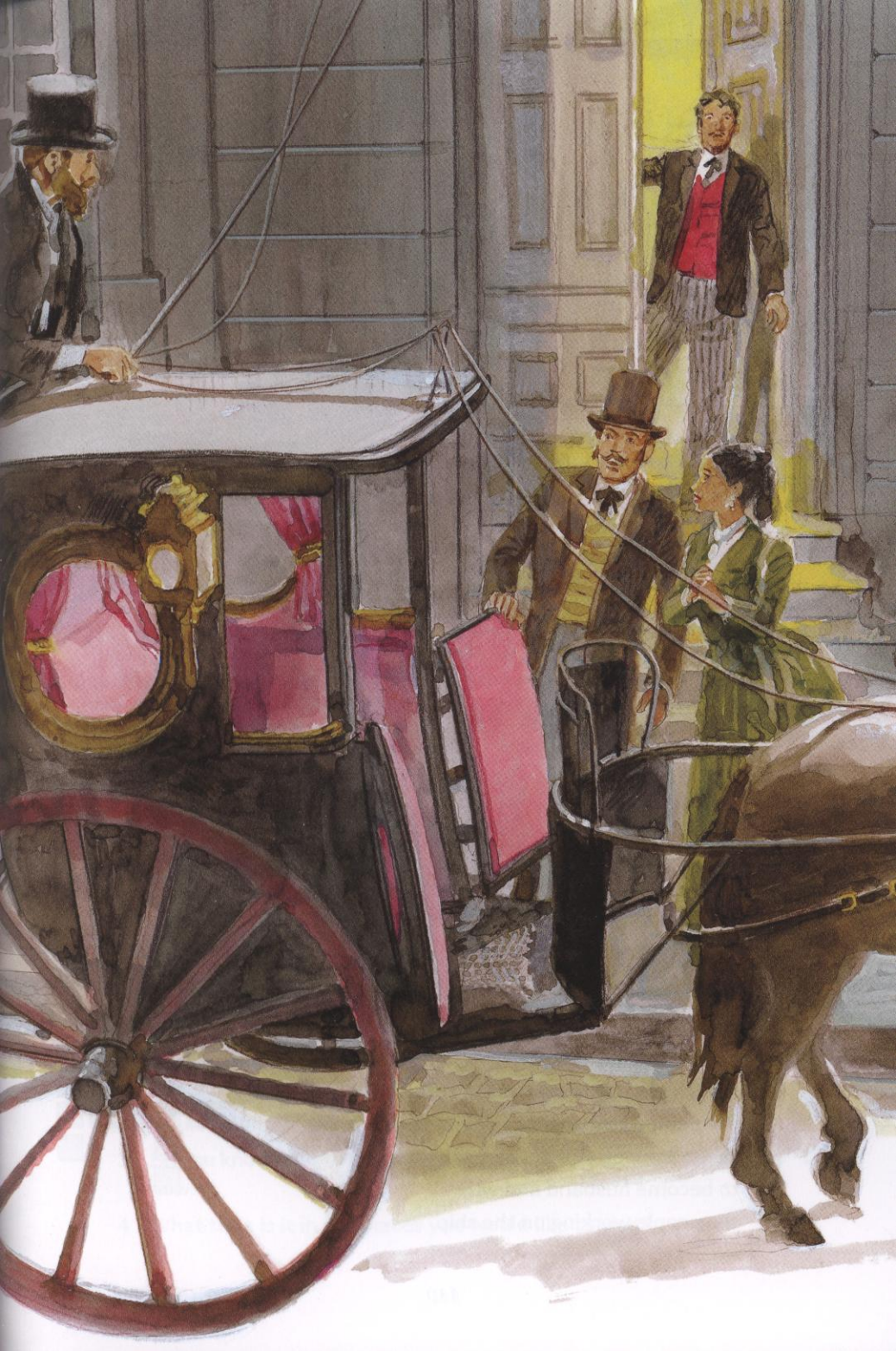
On Monday morning Phileas Fogg and Mrs Aouda were married. Later that morning Passepartout came into his room.

'Do you know, Mr Fogg,' he said, 'that if you don't go across India, you can go around the world in just seventy-eight days?'

'Maybe that's true,' said Phileas Fogg. 'But when we went across India, I met Mrs Aouda, who is now my lovely wife.'

And with these words they celebrated Phileas Fogg's good fortune.

1. accidents : 事故。



Go back to the text

1 Comprehension check

Are these statements true (T) or false (F)? Correct the false ones.

- 1 Phileas Fogg was only ten minutes late when he arrived in London.
- 2 Phileas Fogg returned to his normal routine when he returned home.
- 3 Mrs Aouda wanted to be Phileas Fogg's wife.
- 4 Phileas Fogg and Mrs Aouda weren't able to get married on Monday.
- 5 Phileas Fogg won his bet because they were 24 hours ahead of time.
- 6 Phileas Fogg says it is possible to travel around the world in seventy-eight days.

T F

☐ ☐
☐ ☐
☐ ☐
☐ ☐
☐ ☐
☐ ☐

2 Word game

Complete the crossword with these words from Chapter Eight and Chapter Nine.

Across

1



2



- 3 an amount of money given as a prize for doing something

- 4 The ... is two o'clock.

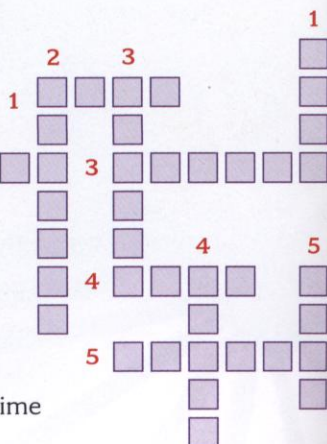


5



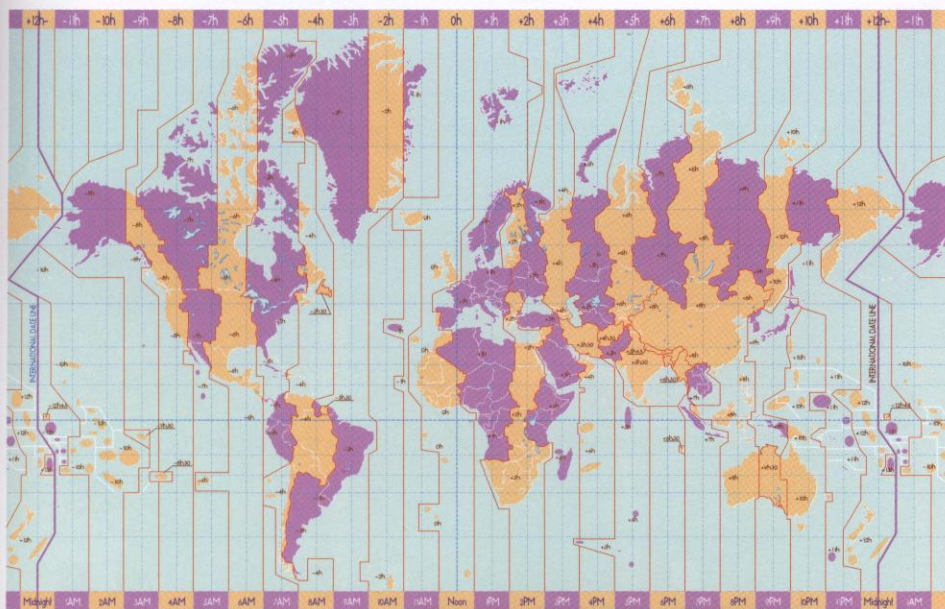
Down

- 1 made from trees, it burns in a fire
- 2 the person responsible for sailing a ship
- 3 take someone to a police station for a crime
- 4 to become husband and wife
- 5 the people working on the ship



3 Time zones

Look at the map and answer the questions.



- 1 What is the time difference between Bombay and Sydney; San Francisco and Washington?
- 2 What longitude is London — zero or one degree?
- 3 Do you know anyone in another country? What time is it for them now?
- 4 What time is it in the places you would like to visit?

Your trip around the world

4 Speaking and writing

Imagine that you are now back in your country after your trip around the world. Look at the notes you made in the previous chapters. Choose four places to talk about. You can use the pictures to help you.

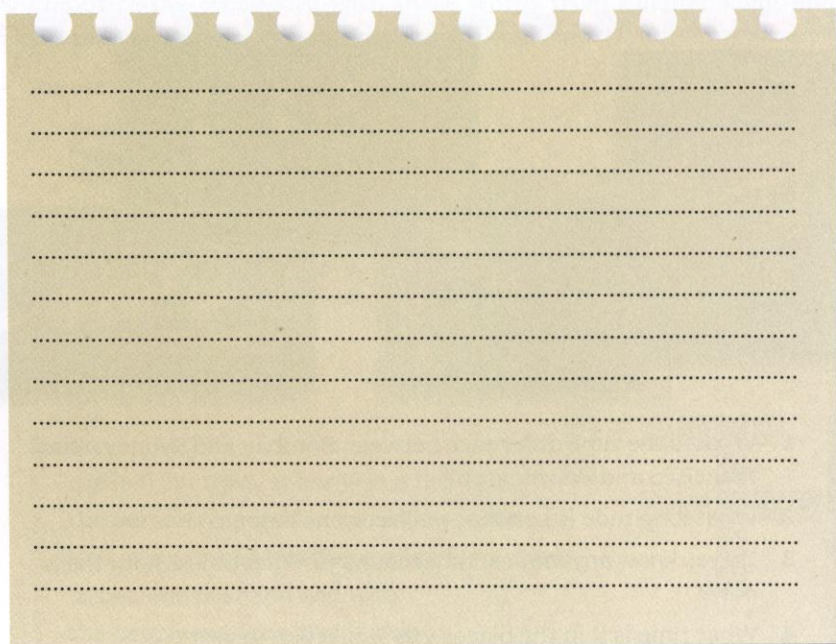
Example: In December I went to Singapore. Singapore is a beautiful, modern city with lots of tall buildings, but it is too hot. I met a lovely girl but I had to leave the next day to go to Australia.

5 Writing

You are to write a story. Your story must have the following title:

My around the world adventure.

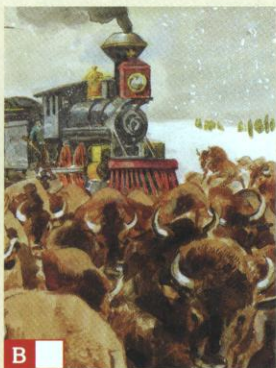
Write your story in about 100 words.



EXIT TEST 1

1 Picture summary

Look at these pictures from the story. Which chapters do they come from? Put them in the correct order.



2 Writing

Choose one picture and write about the adventure in that part of the story in about 200 words.

3 Word game

Complete these sentences about the story with a suitable word. Write the words in the boxes. What do the red boxes spell?

- 1 Passepartout was a servant.
- 2 Phileas Fogg bet £ 20,000 that he could go around the in eighty days.
- 3 Fix wanted to catch the thief.
- 4 They travelled first to the and then to Bombay.
- 5 They rescued a young woman from dying in a big
- 6 Phileas Fogg gave the the elephant called Kiouni.
- 7 In Hong Kong they knew nothing of the for Phileas Fogg's arrest.
- 8 Mrs Aouda, Inspector Fix and Phileas Fogg found a ship to
- 9 Passepartout left the circus when he saw his in the audience.
- 10 The train driver to go across the dangerous bridge.
- 11 Some Indians attacked the train.
- 12 They travelled from the station to Omaha on a sledge.
- 13 There was no more so they burnt the ship.
- 14 Phileas Fogg won his bet and Mrs Aouda.

1									
2									
3									
4									
5									
6									
7									
8									
9									
10									
11									
12									
13									
14									

Comprehension check

Complete the questions with the correct verb form (动词形式) .
Match them to the answers (A-H) below.

- 1 Why/Passepartout/for Phileas Fogg? (want/work)
- 2 How much money/Phileas Fogg? (bet)
- 3 What/Phileas Fogg/the young guide? (give)
- 4 Why/the human pyramid/to the ground? (fall)
- 5 Who attacked the train in ...?
- 6 How/they/to Omaha? (travel)
- 7 What/the moment/they/in Liverpool? (happen/arrive)
- 8 Who/Phileas Fogg? (marry)

- A ☐ He wanted to live a quiet life.
- B ☐ A group of Sioux.
- C ☐ 20,000 pounds.
- D ☒ *An elephant.*
- E ☐ Because Passepartout left it to run to his master.
- F ☐ Inspector Fix arrested Phileas Fogg.
- G ☐ Mrs Aouda.
- H ☐ On a sledge.

EXIT TEST 2

- 1 Complete these sentences with a word from the box. Number the events in the order you read about them in the story.

bet thief guide ship circus ravine wife
sledge captain buffaloes husband police

- A ☐ Phileas Fogg became the of the ship they travelled in from New York.
- B ☐ Phileas Fogg was taken to the station in Liverpool.
- C ☐ After they left San Francisco the train stopped because were crossing the tracks.
- D ☐ Detective Fix believed that Phileas Fogg was a and followed him.
- E ☐ Passepartout joined a because he had no more money.
- F ☐ Mrs Aouda became Phileas Fogg's and he won his bet.
- G ☐ Inspector Fix tried to stop Phileas Fogg from getting on the to Yokohama.
- H ☐ Passepartout saved a woman by pretending to be her dead
- I ☐ Phileas Fogg made a that he could go around the world in eighty days.
- J ☐ In Medicine Bow the train almost fell into a
- K ☐ The travellers went from Bombay to Allahabad with a and an elephant.
- L ☐ A man took them to the station in Omaha in a wind

2 Characters

Which character(s) do these sentences describe?

Phileas Fogg Passepartout Mrs Aouda
Inspector Fix The Sioux Mr Batulcar

- 1 He is brave, loyal and he would prefer a quite life.
- 2 He is reserved and always does the same thing.
- 3 He is determined and sometimes intelligent. He is not loyal.
- 4 He likes adventure, but he is always calm.
- 5 She is beautiful and educated in European ways.
- 6 They attack the train when it crosses their area.
- 7 He has a bald head and a moustache. He owns a circus.
- 8 She is patient and loves her husband very much.

3 Places

Which places to do these sentences describe?

- 1 A big city in the south of England.
- 2 A busy centre in India with a lot of English officials.
- 3 Mr Batulcar's circus travelled here.
- 4 In the centre of America. They travelled here in a sledge.
- 5 The ship arrived here from New York.
- 6 A big port in the north of England.

4 Vocabulary

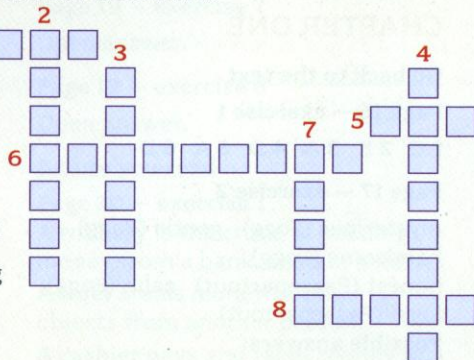
Do you remember these words from the end of page glossary in each chapter? Use the clues to complete the crossword.

Across

- 1 a large group of people
- 5 a famous clock in London —
..... Ben.
- 6 the killing of someone or
something for a special ritual
- 8 always supporting something
or someone

Down

- 2 the sound of a stream train
- 3-watch — a small watch on a chain
- 4 a vehicle with two wheels pulled by someone else
- 7 a man-made river



Around the World in Eighty Days

KEY TO THE EXERCISES AND EXIT TESTS

KEY TO THE EXERCISES

Before you read

Page 10 — exercise 1

Open answer.

Page 10 — exercise 2

Open answer.

Page 10 — exercise 3

1 E 2 D 3 A 4 B 5 C

CHAPTER ONE

Go back to the text

Page 16 — exercise 1

1 C 2 B 3 A 4 D 5 A 6 D

Page 17 — exercise 2

mysterious (Fogg) gentle (Fogg)
handsome (Fogg)
honest (Passepartout) calm (Fogg)
loyal (Passepartout)

Possible answers:

Fogg - blond hair, blue eyes, rich;
Passepartout - brown hair, loyal.

Page 17 — exercise 3

1 world map 2 played cards

3 England 4 to shave 5 fireplace
6 his armchair

Page 18 — exercise 4

1 11.10 2 3.00 3 9.35

4 7.45 5 2.30 6 2.00

Tapescript

Page 18 - Listening Activity

- 1 *Man*: Do we still have to go to that meeting this morning, Jane?
Woman: Yes, but it's going to be later because John's not here yet.
Man: So when do we have to be there?
Woman: Ten past eleven.
- 2 *Child*: Mum?
Mother: Yes.
Child: When are we going to get there?
Mother: Soon!
Child: You said that an hour ago. It's almost three o'clock.
Mother: Yes, I know, and we're almost there.
- 3 *Woman*: What time do you need to be at the station tomorrow morning?

Man: Erm, let me have a look at the timetable... At nine thirty-five. Will you be able to take me there in the car?

Woman: Yes, that's no problem. We'll leave early.

- 4 *Woman:* What time do we have to be at Amanda's for dinner tonight?

Man: Oh, I don't think we have to be there too early. At about a quarter to eight, she said.

Woman: A quarter to eight?

Man: Yes, but I'm sure we can go a bit later.

Woman: I should start getting ready then.

- 5 *Boy1:* When are your parents coming round?

Boy2: After lunch.

Boy1: What time did they say they were coming?

Boy2: Half past two.

Boy1: Half past two! We still have to clean the flat.

- 6 *Woman:* Oh, I'm so tired!

Man: You look tired. Are you still having difficulty sleeping?

Woman: No, I didn't go to bed until two o'clock last night.

Man: No wonder you look tired!

Page 18 – exercise 5

1 12.30 p.m. 2 8.15 p.m. 3 tea

4 Games Room 5 up to three weeks

6 free 7 two friends 8 five pounds

Tapescript

Page 18 - Listening Activity

Well sir, now that you are a new member I can tell you a bit more about the club facilities and the opening times.

You will see that meals are served in the dining room. Lunch

is from 12.30 p.m. to 2 p.m. and dinner is served from 6 p.m. until eight fifteen. If you wish to take afternoon tea, you can do so in the lounge room between four and five o'clock.

The games room and the lounge room are open until late. We usually close around midnight.

We also have a library. You can borrow books for up to three weeks from the library.

We have a gym on the lower ground floor and a swimming pool on the roof terrace. These are free for members but you can invite up to two friends for a small extra charge of five pounds.

If you have any problems or you need to ask about any of facilities, myself and the other reception staff will be pleased to help you.

Page 19 – exercise 6

A playing chess

B playing tennis

C playing the piano

Page 19 – exercise 7

Open answer.

Page 19 – exercise 8

Open answer.

Before you read

Page 20 – exercise 1

A robbery is the crime of stealing money from a bank, shop or vehicle.

A thief steals money or other objects from another person.

A cashier pays and takes money at a bank, or takes money for something you buy.

A detective tries to find criminals and understand how a crime

happened.

The evidence is the information you have about a crime.

A bet is when you risk your money on the result of a game or competition

Scotland Yard is the main office for investigating crime in London.

A receipt is a piece of paper that proves you have received money.

A reward is an amount of money given as a price for doing something.

Page 20 – exercise 2

Open Answer.

CHAPTER TWO

Go back to the text

Page 28 – exercise 1

1 A 2 B 3 A 4 A 5 B 6 B 7 A 8 B

Page 28 – exercise 2

- 1 Phileas Fogg puts his right foot in front of his left 575 times to get to the Reform Club.
- 2 It is possible to go round the world ten times quicker than it was 100 years ago.
- 3 Sir Ralphs says he'll give Phileas Fogg 4,000 pounds if he travels around the world in eighty days.
- 4 The number of hours in eighty days.
- 5 The number of minutes in eighty days.
- 6 Phileas Fogg bets 20,000 pounds it is possible./He puts a cheque on the table for 20,000 pounds.

Page 29 – exercise 3

Open answer.

Page 29 – exercise 4

1 identity 2 busy 3 receipt
4 membership 5 reason 6 ports
7 abroad 8 reward

Page 30 – exercise 5

Open answer.

Page 30 – exercise 6

Open answer.

Before you read

Page 31 – exercise 1

Open answer.

CHAPTER THREE

Go back to the text

Page 38 – exercise 1

- 1 What did Inspector Fix need before he could arrest Phileas Fogg? **A** an arrest warrant.
- 2 What did Inspector Fix do when he arrived in Egypt? **A** he spoke to Passepartout
- 3 How did Phileas Fogg spend his time when he was on the ship? **A** he played cards and wrote in his diary
- 4 Why did they get off the train? **A** because the work on the line was not complete
- 5 What did Phileas Fogg buy from the man? **A** an elephant called Kiouni

Page 38 – exercise 2

Suggested answers:

1 life 2 my 3 called 4 travel 5 on
6 sell 7 are 8 train 9 there

Page 39 – exercise 3

Open answer.

Page 39 — exercise 4

Open answer.

Page 40 — exercise 5

1 August 2 in one year/one year later
3 Thailand 4 Australia 5 £890
6 bus, train or aeroplane 7 no
8 want to work there

Tapescript

Page 40 - Listening Activity

Travel Agent: Please take a seat.

What can I do to help you?

Student: I saw your special offers on around the world tickets for students. I plan to go away this August.

T A: How long do you need your ticket for?

S: A year. I want to return in time to start university in September.

T A: All our tickets are open tickets. That means you can book each part of your journey when you want. You choose the first date you want to travel and then for all the other dates you can phone us here in London, or contact one of our agencies abroad. Do you know where you want to go?

S: Yes, I'd like to go to India first, and then Thailand. After that I'd like to take a train or a bus to Malaysia. My friends told me it's not difficult. Then I'd like to go to Bali in Indonesia. From Indonesia I want to go to Australia and maybe New Zealand, after that I'm not sure.

T A: Well, if you're interested in going to South America, there is a good ticket for students at the moment that costs £890. You can use it to go to all the places you want to visit. From New Zealand

you travel to Argentina, and from there you can travel by bus, train, aeroplane - any method you choose. The last stop is Bogota in Colombia. Then you return to London.

S: Wow! That sounds excellent!

Does it include Brazil too?

T A: No, it doesn't. You can visit Brazil, but you must pay an extra amount for the ticket.

S: OK, that sounds good. I'll think about it. Do I need a visa for any of those places?

T A: You can enter all those places as a tourist. You fill in a form on arrival. If you want to work in Australia then you must get a visa before you travel.

S: Yes, I do want to work there.

T A: I'll write down all the flight information for you, and give you the address of the Australian Embassy as well.

Page 41 — exercise 6

1 tiger 2 monkey 3 cart
4 hut 5 rickshaw

Before you read

Page 41 — exercise 1

1 pagoda 2 storm, clouds
3 bonfire, flames 4 dawn, clouds

Page 41 — exercise 2

1 hut 2 storm 3 monkey
4 pagoda 5 rickshaw 6 clouds
7 bonfire 8 tiger

Destination: Hong Kong

CHAPTER FOUR

Go back to the text

Page 48 — exercise 1

1 A 2 B 3 D 4 D 5 A 6 C

Page 49 — exercise 2

In order of story

A 4 - took B 5 - stand/ran C 7 - left
D 6 - gave E 2 - told F 1 - heard
G 8 - wrote H 3 - sent

Page 49 — exercise 3

- 1 F — she was the daughter of a businessman in Bombay.
- 2 T
- 3 F — she was clever and beautiful.
- 4 F - her parents died after she finished her education.
- 5 T

Page 50 — exercise 4

1 D - buy 2 A - finish 3 E - will go
4 F - look after 5 C - won't buy
6 B - will miss

Page 50 — exercise 5

1 C 2 B 3 B 4 D 5 C 6 A 7 D

Page 51 — exercise 6

Open answer.

Before you read

Page 58 — exercise 1

1 B 2 C 3 B

Page 58 — exercise 2

1 clown 2 advertisement 3 acrobats
4 audience 5 suitcase 6 drums
new word: circus

CHAPTER FIVE

Go back to the text

Page 66 — exercise 1

1 the 2 he 3 down 4 talk
5 must 6 leaving/going 7 in
8 will/can 9 not 10 them

Page 66 — exercise 2

- 1 Where — in a bar
- 2 When — on the ship, after it left

3 How — terrible

4 Why — he needed the money

5 Who — Phileas Fogg

6 What — they fell to the ground

Page 67 — exercise 3

Phileas Fogg: clever, mysterious, looks, watch, people, wants, captain, Yokohama, criminal, countries.

Passepartout: strong, different, helping, trusts, loyal.

Mrs Aouda: pretty, met, widow, escaped, education, love.

Page 67 — exercise 4

Open answer.

Page 67 — exercise 5

Open answer.

Before you read

Page 68 — exercise 1

- 1 A — city
- 2 C — deserts
- 3 B - mountains, ravines

Page 68 — exercise 2

Open answer.

Page 68 — exercise 3

- 1 San Francisco.
- 2 Because buffalos cross the railway tracks/line.
- 3 Because he was still confused by Fix's behaviour in the bar.

CHAPTER SIX

Go back to the text

Page 76 — exercise 1

B, C, A

Page 76 — exercise 2

- 1 because the bridge across the ravine was not safe and couldn't

take the weight of the train.

- 2 The train driver decided to drive the train very fast across the bridge.
- 3 The other passengers thought that this was a good idea.
- 4 & 5 open answer

Page 77 – exercise 3

1 A 2 C 3 C 4 B 5 A

Page 78 – exercise 4

- A South Asia, possibly Central America
- B Central America – but possibly in the other areas too
- C blizzards – Northern Europe.

Page 78 – exercise 5

cloud, sun, rain, thunderstorm

1 B 2 D 3 A 4 F 5 C 6 E

Tapescript

Page 78 – Listening Activity

During the day it is going to be cloudy, with some sunshine later on in the afternoon. Towards the evening there will be heavy rain in many areas, with the possibility of thunderstorms towards late evening and early morning in the north.

Before you read

Page 79 – exercise 1

- A rope – tie up
- B gun – fire
- C arrow – shoot

Page 79 – exercise 2

1 A 2 B 3 A 4 C

CHAPTER SEVEN

Go back to the text

Page 88 – exercise 1

1 B 2 B 3 A 4 A 5 B 6 A 7 A 8 B

Page 88 – exercise 2

Open answer.

Page 89 – exercise 3

- 1 D – cut
- 2 E – was making
- 3 A – met
- 4 B – was playing
- 5 C – was talking

Page 89 – exercise 4

- 1 Saturday 4th April
- 2 Liverpool
- 3 12.25
- 4 £46
- 5 Wednesday 8th April

Tapescript

Page 89 – Listening Activity

Woman: Next Please! (pause) Yes, how can I help you?

Man: I want to know what time the trains leave for Liverpool.

Woman: Are you travelling today?

Man: No, on 4 April.

Woman: That's this Saturday?

Man: Yes, that's right.

Woman: There's a train every hour from Euston. What time do you want to travel?

Man: About midday.

Woman: There's a train at twelve twenty-five. It gets into Liverpool at a quarter to three.

Man: That sounds fine. How much is a return?

Woman: If you book today, it's £46.00. But you need to say when you want to come back.

Man: £46.00?

Woman: Yes, or £53.00 if you book on Saturday, and you can return when you want.

Man: No, I'll buy the ticket now. Can you check the times for Wednesday, 8 April, please, in the afternoon....

Page 89 — exercise 5

Open answer.

Page 92

1 F 2 T 3 F 4 F 5 T 6 T

Before you read

Page 93 — exercise 1

1 captain 2 crew 3 coal
4 pirate 5 wheel 6 cargo ship

CHAPTER EIGHT

Go back to the text

Page 100 — exercise 1

1 A 2 C 3 C 4 A 5 D 6 B

Page 101 — exercise 2

A 6 B 5 C 8 D 7 E 2 F 1 G 4 H 3

Page 101 — exercise 3

Possible answers 1, 2, 4, 5.

Page 102 — exercise 4

1 20th December 2 Liverpool
3 Fix 4 robbery

Page 102 — exercise 5

Open answer.

Before you read

Page 103 — exercise 1

2 That you have extra time if you travel from east to west.

Page 103 — exercise 2

1 Phileas Fogg, Mrs Aouda,
Passepartout and the driver
2 & 3 open answer

Page 103 — exercise 3

1 free 2 hit 3 happy 4 behave
5 in 6 nine 7 bet 8 cry

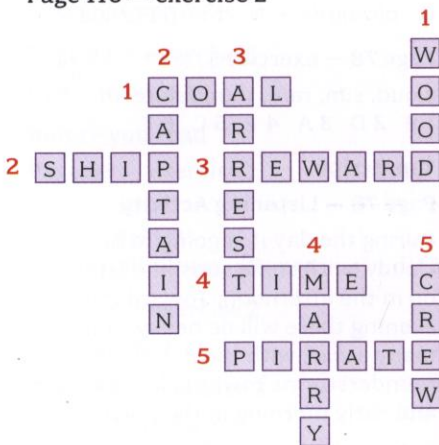
CHAPTER NINE

Go back to the text

Page 110 — exercise 1

- 1 F — He was five minutes late.
- 2 F — He didn't go to the Reform Club next day at 11.30.
- 3 T
- 4 F — They weren't able to get married on Sunday. It was Saturday.
- 5 T
- 6 F — Passepartout says it is possible.

Page 110 — exercise 2



Page 111 — exercise 3

- 1 Bombay and Sydney - 4.5hrs; San Francisco and Washington — 3hrs
- 2 Zero degrees
- 3 & 4 open answer.

Page 112 — exercise 4

Open answer.

Page 112 — exercise 5

Open answer.

KEY TO EXIT TEST 1

Page 113 — exercise 1

A 5; B 6; C 8; D 3; E 9; F 2

Page 113 — exercise 2

Open answer.

Page 113 — exercise 3

1 loyal; 2 world; 3 Inspector; 4 Suez;
5 bonfire; 6 guide; 7 warrant;
8 Yokohama; 9 employer; 10 wanted;
11 Sioux; 12 railway; 13 coal; 14 married

Answer: AROUND THE WORLD

Page 115 — exercise 4

1 Why did Passepartout want to work for Phileas Fogg?; 2 How much money did Phileas Fogg bet?; 3 What did Phileas Fogg give the young guide?; 4 Why did the human pyramid fall to the ground?; 5 Who attacked the train in Nebraska?; 6 How did they travel to Omaha?; 7 What happened the moment they arrived in Liverpool?; 8 Who married Phileas Fogg?

A 1; B 5; C 2; D 3; E 4; F 7; G 8; H 6

KEY TO EXIT TEST 2

Page 116 — exercise 1

A captain — 10
B police — 11
C buffaloes — 7
D thief — 2
E circus — 6
F wife — 12
G ship — 5
H husband — 4
I bet — 1
J ravine — 8
K guide — 3
L sledge — 9

Page 116 — exercise 2

1 Passepartout
2 Phileas Fogg
3 Inspector Fix
4 Phileas Fogg
5 Mrs Aouda

6 The Sioux
7 Mr Batulcar
8 Mrs Aouda

Page 117 — exercise 3

1 London
2 Calcutta
3 Yokohama
4 Omaha
5 Ireland
6 Liverpool

Page 117 — exercise 4

Across:

1 crowd 5 big 6 sacrifice 8 loyal

Down:

2 whistle 3 pocket
4 rickshaw 7 canal

Level 1

Peter Pan

彼得·潘

Zorro!

蒙面侠佐罗

American Folk Tales

美国传奇故事

Davy Crockett

美国英雄

The True Story of Pocahontas

风中奇缘

Great Expectations

远大前程

Rip Van Winkle and The Legend

of Sleepy Hollow 睡谷传奇

The Happy Prince and The Selfish

Giant 快乐王子与自私的巨人

The American West

美国西部探险

Halloween Horror

万圣节奇遇记

The Adventures of Tom Sawyer

汤姆·索亚历险记

The Adventures of Huckleberry

Finn 哈克贝利·费恩历险记

The Wonderful Wizard of Oz

绿野仙踪

The Secret of the Stones

石头的秘密

The Wind in the Willows

柳林风声

The Black Arrow

黑箭

**Around the World in Eighty
Days 八十天环游世界**

Little Women

小妇人

Beauty and the Beast

美女与野兽

Black Beauty

黑骏马



环游世界

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